

The Daily Gazette.

JANESVILLE : : : WISCONSIN
WEDNESDAY MORNING, AUG. 23, 1884.

ROCK COUNTY REPUBLICAN CONVENTION.

The electors of Rock county who are determined to support no man for office who is not positively and fully committed to the support of the principles announced in the "Republican Platform" adopted at Madison on the 18th of July last, and whose personal character, political associations and private conduct, do not afford a guarantee that he is reliable, are invited to meet in their respective townships or wards at the place of holding the last township or ward election, on Tuesday the 10th day of October next, at 2 o'clock P. M. for the purpose of electing a township or ward organization of the Republican party in their towns or wards, and of appointing delegates to a county convention hereby called at the Court House in Janesville, on THURSDAY, the 12th day of October next, at 2 o'clock P. M., to nominate a county ticket.

The towns and wards will be entitled to representation in the county convention as follows:—to wit:

Town or Ward	Representatives
Avon	3
Beloit	10
Bradford	4
Center	3
Clinton	5
Fulton	4
Harmony	4
Lima	4
Johnstown	4
La Prairie	3
Janesville, town	3
Turtle	5

J. P. HARVEY, J. H. BUDD, J. H. COLLEY, G. H. WILLISTON, A. HOSKINS, PETER SCHMITZ, J. DAWSON, S. G. COLLEY, County Committee.

17th SENATORIAL DISTRICT CONVENTION.

At the same time and place above designated in the respective towns and wards for meetings, to choose delegates to the county convention, the Republican electors of the wards of the city of Janesville, and of the towns in this county comprised in the 17th senatorial district, are requested to select an equal number of delegates to the county convention, to represent them in a senatorial convention hereby called at the Court House in Janesville, on THURSDAY the 12th day of October next at 11 o'clock, A. M., to nominate a candidate for senator.

By order of the County Committee.

Congressional Convention—Second District.

The electors of the second congressional district of Wisconsin, comprising the counties of Rock, Green, Dane, Iowa, Lafayette, Grant, Richland, Sauk, Adams, Potosi, Marathon, Crawford, Bad Ax, La Crosse, Monroe, Polk, Pierce, Trempealeau, Elk, Chippewa, Clark, Dunn, Buffalo, St. Croix, Douglas and La Pointe, who are opposed to the Nebraska inquiry, and in favor of the principles announced in the "Republican" platform, adopted at Madison July 18th, are invited to meet in their respective assembly districts and select two delegates from each to represent them in a congressional convention to be held at Mineral Point on Wednesday, the 18th of September, at 12 o'clock M., to nominate a candidate to be supported at the approaching election. By order of the state central committee, WM. A. WHITE, Chairman.

Madison, August 14.

Assembly District Conventions—Rock County.

THE ELECTORS of Rock county who are opposed to the Nebraska inquiry and in favor of the principles announced in the Republican platform adopted at Madison, July 18th, are requested to meet in MASS CONVENTION at the places designated below in their respective Assembly Districts, on Tuesday, 5th of September next, at 2 o'clock P. M., and select two delegates from each Assembly District to represent them in the Congressional Convention called at Mineral Point on the 18th of September. The Convention for the

Assembly Districts designated at the Court House in Janesville.

Beloit, at the office of Samuel Johnson Esq. in the new Hotel building, Beloit.

Johnston, at the office of Johnson's Hotel, Johnston.

Every elector who desires a true man to represent this District in the National Legislature, should feel an interest in promoting a full attendance at the Mass Conventions and in securing a full representation from his District in the Congressional Convention.

T. P. HARVEY, J. H. BUDD, JOHN HOWE, G. H. WILLISTON, E. VINCENT, A. HOSKINS, J. DAWSON, PETER SCHMITZ, S. G. COLLEY, County Committee.

The calls for the various conventions have crowded upon us so "thick and fast" that we have not been able to call attention to them individually as we should like to have done. But they are none the less important, and we trust our friends will act promptly upon them, when the time arrives. The success of the anti-Nebraska movement in other quarters should not only be held as an encouragement, but as an admonition not to fall below the glorious example set us by others.

THE SARATOGA CONVENTION.—This convention was attended by delegates from every county in the state, except Columbia, Franklin, Sullivan and Suffolk, numbering about 400. Hon. Wm. T. McCoun, of Queens county, presided. Mr. Greeley was on the committee of resolutions and reported a series, with a long preamble, which altogether, amounted to a declaration that "all territory of the United States must henceforth be free territory, and all states hereafter must come in as free states." [Received with nine cheers.] The last of the resolutions approved the course pursued by the people of Vermont, Connecticut, Iowa, Ohio, Michigan, Wisconsin, &c., in postponing or disregarding their minor differences and acting together in the cause of freedom, and commended their spirit to the freemen of New York and other states.

A resolution to nominate a state ticket was laid on the table, and the convention adjourned to meet again on the 26th of September at Auburn, to make nominations.

The most remarkable case of conscience of modern times, is that of Gerret Smith, who, it is stated in settling with the sergeant-at-arms, was entitled to about \$500 legal mileage, but only took about \$30, being eight dollars a day while coming and going, and actual traveling expenses.

RECONSIDERED.—The Cincinnati bankers have decided to receive the notes of the Indiana free banks of the denomination of \$5 and upwards, for the present.

This Madison Journal has the following reference to candidates for congress, in this district:

CONGRESSIONAL CANDIDATES.—It is about time for the Republicans to be getting about for a proper man to support for congress at the coming campaign. We have heard no one suggested as yet, in this district. We are happily not overwhelmed with candidates, as is the case with the "democracy." Our party is not composed of office-seekers. It is made up of men who have ability and independence enough to maintain themselves without office. We do not know of a single man in the whole district who is fighting for the nomination. We must however endeavor to select a man in every way reliable, and one who has the ability to attend to the interests of his constituents as they should be. It would therefore be well for papers in the district to express their opinions and to point out the proper man. We find the following paragraph in the Janesville Gazette, respecting the re-election of Mr. Washburne of Illinois:

"We hope and believe that Mr. Washburne will be re-elected, and whether the voters of his district label him 'whig,' or something else, is not very essential, so long as they get the man. The Washburne family is good stock to select from."

This Mr. Washburne has also a brother in congress—Mr. Washburne of Maine. Both have made excellent members; both have been true as steel to the great principles of human liberty and true republicanism. The Republicans of Illinois and of Maine are in favor of their re-election, and this reminds us that a third brother resides at Mineral Point in this district. He is quite an old resident of the state, is an active, intelligent, straight-forward business man, pretty well known in the district, and we presume would make as good a member of congress as his brothers. We concur with the Gazette that the "stock" is a good one to select from.

Harlow S. Orton of this place is another gentleman well qualified for the station, and possesses, in addition to excellent practical business talent, qualifications for public speaking and debate not surpassed by any gentleman in the state.

Orasmus Cole, of Grant, is another gentleman whose qualifications strongly recommend him to the consideration of the people. He has been tried and not found wanting. If he would accept the nomination, we could rely upon being well represented in the next congress.

There are a number of other excellent men in the district, for whose election we would gladly labor; and we wish to hear some expression from our contemporaries, as to who is the best man to unite the anti-Nebraska sentiment of the district, and call out the entire vote of the Republican party.

The Milwaukee News says the worst aspect of the late "abolition" triumph in Iowa is that it will probably prevent the return of the Hon. A. C. Dodge to the senate. It is strange what peculiar tastes some men have. We don't believe the News could find one in a thousand to agree with it in this statement. On the contrary, most people look upon that as the very best part of the triumph. The public have long ago voted Augustus Caesar Dodge a nuisance in the senate, and the people of Iowa have determined to act in accordance with this prevailing sentiment.

The Prairie du Chien Courier, an independent paper, but strongly inclined to favor the democratic side of politics when there is any possible chance of doing so, makes the following plain, common sense remarks about the veto of the river and harbor appropriation bill. It speaks the sentiments probably of nine tenths of all the democrats in the west, but still, with a strange and unaccountable inconsistency, they will persist in aiding to place men in power who they know will enact the same thing over again. How long will it be before men will begin to act as they talk and think?

THE VETO.—On the fourth inst. the president returned to the "house of representatives" in which it originated, the river and harbor appropriation bill which his veto message. He intimates that the bill came in too near the end of the session to allow him to prepare an argument on the subject such as he could produce if he had leisure. We are glad it was so. It is bad enough to deny the people the use of their own money for necessary and highly important public improvements, without overwhelming them with half an acre of contemptible twaddle, such as now-a-days comes from the white house, in the shape of constitutional arguments. How happens it that congress never understands the subject as the president does? Why will the house of representatives pass a bill every year, which the chief magistrate cannot sign? And why is it that that unfortunate bill is invariably the only one the people care a fig about? Congress will not do anything of real public utility except the passage of annual appropriations for the improvement of our rivers and harbors, and the president will not let them do that. So, between them we get no legislation at all worth having. Mr. Pierce's pretence that he was compelled to withhold his assent from the bill because it contained provisions for local improvements is sheer nonsense. Every improvement has to some extent a merely local value, and every improvement is to some extent a general benefit, and it would not be asking too much of the president, to insist that he should permit the members of congress coming as they do from all parts of the country to know what works are of sufficient general utility to justify the assistance of government. Can't we have a congress that knows as much as the president, and a president that knows something?

The salaries in the departments at Washington, with the mileage and per diem of members, amounts to \$1,845,636. \$1,800,000 are set down for the pay, mileage and other contingent expenses of the two houses—or \$4000 per member, besides \$80,000 for printing for part of the last session; and over \$20,000 more for books voted and distributed to members of congress. There are thousands more for reporting the debates in the Washington papers. The judicial expenses of the government run well on to a million of dollars.

LOW NECKED DRESSES.—It is said when the Turkish officer Amin Bey, during his last visit to this country, attended some fashionable parties at Washington, he remarked that on going into our society, he expected to see "as many of American ladies, but not "as much."

NEW HOTEL IN NEW YORK.—Notwithstanding the unfavorable time with hotelkeepers, we see it stated that the upper part of the building now being erected by Dr. Brandreth on Broadway, Canal and Lispenard sts., has been arranged for a hotel, on the European plan, and has been leased to Mr. W. A. Radford. The rent of this building—stores, hotel, &c., will amount to about \$40,000.

From the ENQUIRER, PAIN—KANSAS, J. L. BROWN.—I am happy to inform my friends and readers generally, that the pioneer party of the Massachusetts emigrant and company, arrived here safe and sound, being the traveling party from Boston, and the first from Rochester. This may be set down as the actual date between our city and Kansas. All of the party are really healthy—not a case of sickness occurred during the trip. What a volume might be written concerning our noble boat and its mixed cargo! We had four passengers going to the Kickapoo Indians, from Milwaukee. We had six slaves with their masters going to work camp in Louisiana, Missouri. Some of them appear happy in their midnight ignorance. The master of one said he paid \$1400 for him. One poor fellow has left a wife and five children in Kentucky, but his master was compelled to sell him to save himself from ruin. We had many slave-owners on board, some of whom talked loud about their feathers on our arrival. Flour is \$3.75 per cwt., butter 12-1-2 cts per lb., beef 8c., wood \$2.50 per cord, &c. I never expected to see such corn. No rain has fallen for fifty days, which is very uncommon, but the black soil is many feet deep.

Those thinking of coming had better keep cool this hot weather, and make preparations to meet some difficulties and receive in return 160 acres of excellent land. I shall keep you posted as we proceed.

But here we are in this city. We called together "the mummy-making crew," as we were called, loaded our rifles, and appointed our men to give the word in case any emergency occurred demanding their use. In answer to inquiries, we told the slave-owners that we meant to be prepared in case we fell in with a flock of wild geese or other game. While on the boat one man boasted that word had been sent on to give us such a warm reception as would prevent any more "thieves and paupers" from coming on from the east.

This morning we are making preparations for traveling 35 miles to the Waharous territory, which our agents say is the best land on this side the globe, and they doubt whether the other side can produce any half as good.

I would say to the reader of this, that on coming up the Missouri I saw splendid land, but never did I see anything like the land here. It costs a man not less than \$40 or \$50 to come here and return.—Cor. Rochester Democrat.

THE PHASES OF LIFE.—The Baltimore American says that on Friday morning a lady appeared at the mayor's office in Baltimore, and asked aid to bury the remains of a cousin's husband, who had just died after a disease of ten years' standing. The wife, who for a long time had supported the family by the labor of her hands, had been obliged of late to relinquish her work, for the purpose of ministering at the bedside of her husband. On the previous week she had sold the last bed, that on which he reposed, to procure a small amount of food to sustain life. She had become indebted to the amount of eleven dollars for house rent, and on the day before (Thursday) her landlord had seized and sold the remainder of her property—which realized the sum of two dollars. Entirely destitute of food and furniture, the family remained in the house, and the father died without even a pillow on which to repose his head.

The unfortunate widow, thus destitute and starving, was a niece of the late John McDonough, the New Orleans millionaire. She is left to struggle through the world in abject poverty, while his ample estate is given to already rich and independent corporations. The lady who appeared at the mayor's office in behalf of her cousin, was also a niece of Mr. McDonough, and was too poor to render any assistance to the suffering one. Her recital touched the kindly feelings of those present, and in a few moments a sufficient amount of money was contributed to bury the dead.

RULES FOR REDUCING ACRES TO SQUARE MILES.—Cut off three figures from the right and increase the remainder by fifty six and a quarter per cent: thus, 16,000 square acres.—Cut off, three, the remainder is 16. Add eight which is fifty per cent, the sum is 24. Again add 1, which is one sixteenth, or six and a quarter per cent, the sum is 25 (square miles).—Proof: 25x640=16,000.

This rule is very convenient for reading congressional and other talk about acres of large amount, when one wishes merely an approximation to the more intelligible denomination of square miles. For this purpose the six and a quarter per cent may be omitted. Thus Mr. Gwinn, in Congress, proposes to give the Pacific railroad company alternate sections of land amounting to 40,000,000 square acres. Most newspaper readers have no practical comprehension of that surface thus expressed. But to 40,000 add 20,000 making 60,000 square miles, and every school-boy knows it is a surface just about as large as the state of Georgia, or Missouri, or Illinois. If he is "very particular" he may stop reading the article and cypher out the sixteenth, which in the case supposed is 2500 square miles.—Boston Trav.

JUSTIFYING THE VETO OF THE RIVER AND HARBOR BILL.—The Sheboygan Journal and the News of this city, approve of the president's veto of the river and harbor bill, and think that, in so doing, he was carrying out democratic principles. Why didn't the advocate such doctrine two years ago, when Pierce was running for the presidency? It would not do then. To have come out openly and candidly, and published Gen. Pierce's position in regard to river and harbor improvements, would have defeated him overwhelmingly in all the western states. We are glad to perceive that but very few, even of the democratic journals of the west, have the brazen impudence and hardihood to attempt to justify the conduct of president Pierce in vetoing the river and harbor bill. A few antediluvian sheets, of the rankest and most rabid pro-slavery character, which have sworn to sustain every act of the present administration, no matter how base and treacherous to the best interest of the nation, will, of course, seek to delude the people into the belief that the veto was all right; that the president is a firm friend of western interests; and that he withheld his signature from the harbor bill because he had conscientious scruples as to its constitutionality; but they will find it up-bill business.—Free Democrat.

The Hartford-Times, the leading democratic paper in Conn., and the only one of the least importance, that has not been brought up by the administration, says that the circumstances "did not justify the entire destruction of the town, (of San Juan,) involving many innocent persons in losses and inconvenience. The cause was not aggravated enough for the punishment."

A PRACTICAL KNOW-NOTHING.—The western country is such an unknown land to the stay-at-home down easter, that his inquiries evince practical know-nothingness. One of the editors of the Baraboo Standard, now in the state of Maine, writes:

Coming from Wisconsin, I am frequently interrogated in regard to its soil, its climate—what kind of people or society we have? and I have been asked the question, by a "know-nothing," if the Indians troubled us much?

From the BOSTON DAILY ADVERTISER.—The Boston Daily Advertiser, which has been in circulation here, has the following report respecting the "democracy" of Harvard University:

"It is a matter of delicacy to touch upon the private affairs of gentlemen. But I will venture to say a word or two with regard to those of Mr. Dickens, whose domestic life has been so ruthlessly invaded by this slanderer. Ever since the commencement of the Pickwick papers, Mr. Dickens has received a large income, and that income has been generously but not extravagantly devoted, so far as was necessary, to the comfort and happiness of those dependent on him. The noble manner in which he has discharged his duties, and more than that, his kindness towards those with whom the relations of life have closely bound him, is known to all who know him and them; and the affectionate admiration with which he is regarded by the circle of relatives and friends by whom he is surrounded, should forever silence the tongue of slander. Mr. Dickens lives in a style of simple elegance, without the slightest extravagance, and far within his means. His industry is scarcely equalled by any man in England; and the popularity and circulation of his works quite surpass any thing known in modern times, except Mrs. Stowe's Uncle Tom. He receives his friends with grand hospitality, but without ostentation. He enjoys life in a rational manner, running into none of the excesses of fashion or parade which might tempt a weaker man placed in his circumstances, in a great city like London. I have reason to believe that the profits of the new and revised edition of his works, which has an enormous sale, are wholly untouched by his expenses. If so, then few literary men are so well off in their pecuniary circumstances as Charles Dickens."

THE JUDGESHIP.—The Patriot publishes a call, numerously signed—the country having been industriously scoured for several weeks past to obtain signers—asking Thos. Hood, Esq., to become a candidate for judge of this circuit. Mr. Hood accepts the call, and significantly adds that if elected he shall endeavor to render the "administration of justice PLEASANT for suitors!"

The Patriot urges his election on strict party grounds as the candidate of the democracy. Mr. Hood is a Nebraska democrat we believe, and we have it on good authority that he, with one or two of his associates, recently visited Sank City and attempted to change the politics of the German paper at that place, which strongly opposes the Nebraska outrage, and to stop its utterances of freedom. It is also a significant fact that W. N. Seymour, who sustains the Pierce administration and the Kansas-Nebraska act, heads the call. Mr. Hood is a democrat in the party sense of the word. We admit it; and the pro-slavery men would do well to support their candidate.

We do not believe, however, that the low party appeals of the Patriot will prove particularly favorable to its candidate among the intelligent and honest portion of the democracy.—The people of this circuit are not in favor of party candidates.—Madison Journal.

AUSTRALIAN GOLD AND THE DISCOVERY OF A GREAT RIVER.—The prospects of business in Australia appear to be more favorable than in California. The yield of gold is more certain and at present is larger. The London bankers estimate that from \$9,000,000 to \$10,000,000 sterling per annum, or \$48,000,000 in our currency, is the aggregate that may continue to be looked for. The growth of the country in population and trade promises to realize all expectations. The increase of immigration in the single colony of Victoria alone, continues to average 1,000 souls per week, and the agricultural and commercial resources of the entire territory of South Australia, Victoria, and New South Wales, are found to be capable of vast expansion from the channel of traffic opened up by the navigation of the Murray. This river in its course forms a boundary to all the three colonies, and while it connects the whole, gives each of them a common outlet to the sea. Its exploration has been conducted so thoroughly that it is now ascertained to be navigable for steam vessels through a distance of 1,900 miles.

MORTALITY OF THE COUNTY POOR HOUSE IN JULY.—A careful examination of the official report of Dr. Pratt to the board of health, and of the certificates of death from the same source, furnishes us the following catalogue for the month of July:

There died of cholera 27 males and 29 females..... 56

Add Mr. Otis and Mr. Hubbard..... 5

Total deaths from cholera..... 61

" " other diseases..... 9

Total mortality for the month..... 70

Of the 55 deaths by cholera of pauper inmates, 25 were from the insane department, containing 53 inmates.

If we take the number of inmates at 275, as given by the superintendents, we find from the above statement, that one-fifth of the entire population of the institution has died of cholera in a single month. The same ratio of mortality in the city would have swept off 16,000 souls.—Buff. Com. Adv.

SPECIMENS OF GRASS.—Mr. John C. Bishop, of Eden, brought to our office on Saturday last, 16 heads of Timothy grass, grown from one root, the combined length of six of which is 50 inches, and the largest of which is 23, and the shortest six inches. They will grow on marsh land, ditched and seeded upon the sod, without dragging or plowing—seed sown upon the snow. The ground is but partially seeded, scattered thinly among the wild grass. This ground gives abundant evidence that heavy crops of Timothy can be grown upon our wild marsh land, without the expense of breaking the old sod, if properly ditched.—Fond du Lac Union.

A single lady recently died at St. Malo, France, who was worth four millions of francs, leaving twenty-two wills, all of which it was necessary for the judicial authorities to examine. A married woman cannot make a will—a single one can—and this lady seemed determined to enjoy the privilege to the utmost.

A good story is told of a Michigan man who recently went into Indiana to buy a drove of hogs. He was longer than he intended to be absent, and failed to meet a business engagement. On being rather reproached for not being at home, he made due apology. "I tell you how it is, square, at every little darned town they wanted me to stop and be president of a bank."

THE MARKETS.

JANESVILLE, THURSDAY EVENING, AUG. 22.

Flour, 8.00x8.50; Wheat, winter, 1.35x1.50; club, 1.15x1.25; common spring, 1.00x1.15; Corn, 45x48; Rye, 60x65; Barley, 40x45; Oats, 24x25.

MILWAUKEE, THURSDAY MORNING, AUG. 22.—Wheat, winter, 1.30x1.40; club, 1.30x1.40; common spring, 1.00x1.15; Rye, 75x80; Oats, 30x35; Barley, 50x60; Corn, in the ear, 45x50; shelled, 50x55.

CHICAGO, MONDAY EVENING, AUG. 21.—Flour 7-7.75; Wheat, winter, 1.20; spring 95x1.00; Corn 37x39; Rye, 60x62.

AGRICULTURAL NOTICE.

The regular quarterly meeting of the Rock County Agricultural Society and Mechanics' Institute, will be held at the Apollo Hall in the city of Janesville, on Monday the 30th day of September next, at ten o'clock A. M. Essay by J. A. Fletcher, Esq. of Johnston.

U. R. GIBBS, Secretary.

County papers please copy.

Aug. 16th, 1884.

TRUSDELL, JORDAN & KENNETH,

Attorneys at Law

Having completed an accurate abstract of the TITLE, TAX and JUDGMENT RECORDS of Rock County, are prepared to furnish full and reliable information respecting the ownership of Real Estate in said county, and all liens on such estate by Judgment, Mortgage or otherwise.

They will attend to the purchase and sale of Real Estate, the negotiation of Loans, payment of Taxes, and the redemption of land from Tax Sales, and generally to all such business as properly belongs to a REAL ESTATE OFFICE.

Business in the courts of this and the adjoining counties will be promptly attended to.

Office—Second Story of Empire Block.

Janesville, Wis., May 28th, 1881.

J. F. PEASE

Will commence his next term of

instruction on the Piano Forte, and in Vocal Music on Wednesday, 15th. Pupils under his tuition may be assured that no pains will be spared to secure their rapid and thorough advancement in the art.

Good boarding places will be provided for pupils, from abroad. Opportunity for practice upon good Pianos, for those who wish. Apply at Pease's Music Rooms.

Janesville, Aug. 20, 1884.

Notice.

THE undersigned having closed up

the affairs of their late firm, are now engaged as the wholesale and retail agents for the following houses, manufacturing Organs, Melodeons and Seraphims.

Charles Austin, Lincoln & Dearborn.

Mason & Hannan, Warren & Co.

Ingalls & Crocker, Prescott & Bro's.

Any instrument made by the above firms we will furnish at the manufacturer's price and fully warrant. If it does not prove good, it can be exchanged without cost. Terms cash or approved notes on three or four months.

JOHN F. PEASE & CO., Janesville, Wis.

Boston, Aug. 15, 1884.

Something New!!

MR. CHARLES AUSTIN, the cele-

brated Reed maker has just completed his new Organ Reed, upon which he has labored for the last five years and expended more than six thousand dollars. This reed is different from all others in its construction, being larger and having more power. It is intended for Church and Parlor Organs as manufactured by Messrs. Austin & Co. These Organs have an upright (Organ) action and are of the shape of all Church Organs. The price will range from \$175 to \$300, depending upon the finish of the case. To churches in want of an instrument of that value we would say that they have more power than any common Organ costing \$500.

J. F. Pease & Co., Janesville, Wis., are interested in the manufacture and sale of these instruments, and are the only persons through whom they can be had. They will have one or more for exhibition as early as Sept. 10, and after that a good assortment as soon as they can be manufactured.

JOHN F. PEASE & CO., Janesville, Wis.

CHAS. AUSTIN, Concord, N. H.

THE ALGERINE CHILDREN

AND FAMOUS

ALGERINE TROUPE,

Will give their grand Drawing

Room Leves in this city on Tuesday Evening

August 22d. Doors open at 7½; performance to com-

mence at 8½ precisely.

Admission 25 cents, no half price.

McCormick's Cholera Specific.

THE GREAT DEMAND for this

celebrated medicine, a sure cure for

CHOLERA AND CHOLERA MORBUS,

has induced the subscribers to go extensively into its

manufacture and get up an entire new label and direc-

tions, to prevent counterfeits.

This article has been extensively used in the interior

of the state during the past three years, and the best

references can be given as to its efficacy in curing the

disease for which it is recommended. Remember that it

is prepared only by the subscribers, sole proprietors of

the original recipe.

HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.,

Aug. 15, 1884.

TUBE PAINTS, Pallet Boards, Brush-

es &c., a full assortment for artist's use, kept con-

stantly on hand, at

FARWELL & BRO'S.

and

DRUSHON & CLARK'S COD LIV-

ER OIL, warranted pure, and from fresh liv-

ers. One gross just received at

FARWELL & BRO'S.

MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT,

one gross 25 ct. 50 ct. and \$1.00 bottles just re-

ceived and for sale by

FARWELL & BRO'S.

MURRY'S FLUID MAGNESIA, a

milky, safe and elegant anti-acid aperient, pos-

sessing all the properties of the magnesia of the

use, and effectually cures heart-burn without in-

flaming the coats of the stomach. It prevents the food of in-

ferment turning sour, and in all cases acts as a pleasing

aperient peculiarly adapted for females. For sale by

shaker.

FARWELL & BRO'S.

SHAKER'S EXTRACT VALERIAN,

THE DAILY GAZETTE.

Boston Aug. 16th.
MANUFACTURERS WERE CONVENTION.—The whig state convention met here to-day. F. Dexter, of Beverly, was chosen president, with twenty-three vice presidents. The president made a speech, in which he denounced the bombardment of Greytown.

Josh Quincy spoke in favor of striking out of the constitution the obligation to return fugitive slaves, which was received with cheers. E. Emory Washburn was nominated for governor, and Wm. C. Plunkett for lieutenant governor.

A resolution was adopted, declaring Massachusetts whigs always true to the constitution and union, and that they need not abandon its principles. That it was the intention of the framers of the constitution to confine slavery to its then existing limits, as was clearly demonstrated by the passage of the ordinance of 1787.

That the recent act of congress has wantonly and faithlessly annulled the solemn covenant that stood for more than thirty years, leaving no restriction upon the action of the free states, beyond the requirements of the constitution.

That the fugitive slave law requires amendment, securing trial by jury, and habeas corpus, and falling in this, it is unconstitutional and should be repealed.

That the people of Massachusetts are in favor of liberty, and opposed to the extension of slavery and will oppose it firmly, at all times under all circumstances.

That the president has violated the pledges made in his inaugural address, and stopped from his office to interfere in the action of the people, and by his cabinet appointing foreigners of questionable character to office, and excluded native citizens of high reputation and patriotism.

For his cowardly attack on Greytown, and for not daring to insist on the full enjoyment of religious freedom for Americans abroad.

After several speeches, the resolutions were unanimously adopted.

CINCINNATI, Monday, Aug. 14, 1854.
 The powder magazine at Maysville was fired by some miscreant at 2 o'clock yesterday morning. The explosion was terrific, the magazine containing 800 kegs of gunpowder. Thirteen houses were buried, but, singular to say, not a life was lost by the actual explosion, and but few were injured. One lady, however, has since died from the effects of the fright. The citizens were so much alarmed that some minutes elapsed before they would go into the street, the general impression being that the "day of judgment" had come. When the citizens sallied out they found the streets covered with the fragments of demolished houses, &c. The damage to property is between \$50,000 and \$100,000.

The mayor has offered a reward of \$1,000 for information that will lead to the conviction of the rascal that set fire to the magazine.

The result of the election in Iowa, is the handwriting on the wall pointing to the utter overthrow of the Nebraska administration in the free states. Iowa was the most thoroughly wedded to this slavery-propagating administration of any free state. And the utter overthrow of the administration forces there, is but the precursor of more signal defeats to follow. One of the results of such defeats is to lead the administration presses to change their tune and to profess to be anti-Nebraska, and claim votes on that ground, while maintaining the Nebraska administration. The object being to deceive the people till after election, when these same presses will throw off the mask, say the question is settled; and and it won't do to agitate and distract the party.—*Free Democrat.*

HEALTH.—The health of Freeport has greatly improved since our last issue—in fact we have heard of no new actual cases of cholera since, neither have we heard of any reported ones, and therefore we conclude there has been none.—We are happy to be able to record this fact. Of course there is some sickness yet in our midst, but it has assumed altogether another form.—*Freeport Bulletin.*

THE PRESENCE OF MIND OF A LITTLE GIRL.—The following singular incident which occurred in this city a few days since, is related to us: A little girl about 5 years of age, in attempting to pass from one side of the street to the other, carelessly ran immediately before a team, that was passing at the time, so that she came near being run over. Seeing her danger, she clasped her arms around one of the legs of the horse nearest to her, and in this manner, was carried along until the team, which was going at a rapid rate, was stopped by the driver, when she left her temporary refuge, and gained the opposite side of the street unharmed, but not a little frightened. It will probably be some time before she attempts a similar feat.—*Union Observer.*

JOHN JACOB ASTOR.—The American Crosses, John Jacob Astor, was born in the little village of Waldorf, near Heidelberg, on the Rhine.—In his will, he made provision for an institution which will perpetuate his memory in the place of his birth, as the "Astor Library" will in the place of his residence. The "Astor House," as it is called, was dedicated with solemn ceremonies at 4 o'clock, on the afternoon of Saturday, July 9, and is intended to answer three purposes, viz: an infant school; an educational institute for the young, and a retreat for indigent aged persons. The funds at its disposal are said to be ample sufficient.

WISHING TO reduce his stock of goods as low as possible before bringing on a GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF NEW FALL GOODS, has concluded to sell them at prices very little above cost, Boots and Shoes cheaper than ever. Please to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.
 J. D. KENTON.
 Janesville, Aug. 16, 1854.

TO RENT.—A small and pleasant room suitable for a Physician's Office. Enquire of
 J. D. KENTON.
 Janesville, Aug. 16, 1854.

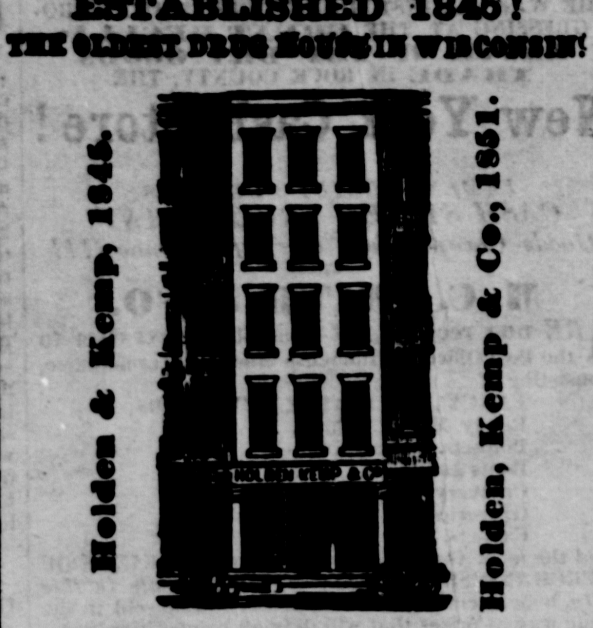
LAWRENCE, ATWOOD & CO.
 AT THE OLD STAND OF
LAWRENCE, STRONG, & CO.
DEALERS IN IRON, STEEL, CUT and Wrought Nails. Farming utensils of all kinds. Blacksmiths', Joiners', and Carpenters' Tools. Shelf Hardware generally. Table and Pocket Cutlery of the best quality. Builders' Hardware, Iron Pump Curb, Tubing Chain and fixtures. Japanned, Plainished, Britannia and Tin Ware of all kinds. Every variety of Bells, Axes, Cook, Parlor, Hall, and Box Stoves. Groceries and Domestic Dry Goods. Also, Manufacturers of Tin, Sheet Iron and Copper ware.

Every article manufactured by us is warranted to give perfect satisfaction.
 Orders respectfully solicited, and promptly attended to.
 Remember the place, two doors south of the American, Main street Janesville.
 W. A. LAWRENCE, F. ATWOOD, F. S. LAWRENCE.

PATENT MEDICINES of all popular kinds at
 J. D. KENTON.
 Janesville, Aug. 16, 1854.

THE Empire Drug Warehouse.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
ESTABLISHED 1845!
THE OLDEST DRUG HOUSE IN WISCONSIN!



HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.,
 PROPRIETORS OF
The Empire Drug Store,
 BEG to inform the Citizens of Wisconsin generally, and of the interior of the state in particular, that they have now received their Spring purchase of

DRUGS, MEDICINES, DYE-WOOD, PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, &c.,
 Making our Stock complete in every department.

THE WHOLESALE TRADE.
 Our business connections afford us facilities for

JOBBER GOODS AT ABOUT NEW YORK RATES, decidedly lower than any concern in this state. Merchants wishing to replenish their stock of

STAPLE DRUGS will of course bear this fact in mind and get our prices. To our large and increasing

Retail Trade & Dispensing Department we devote our personal and particular attention, and the fact that we have dispensed goods in this city for the last nine years without the slightest accident or mistake, is a sufficient guarantee that future commands will be as well attended to. All orders shall receive our prompt attention, and goods packed and forwarded with care and dispatch.
 Janesville, July 1854. Jy24

GUM DROPS.—A full assortment of the different flavors, fresh, for sale by
 HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.

ENGLISH CASTLE SOAP.—30 Boxes for sale very low.
 HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.

WINDOW GLASS.—Another arrival of 160 boxes assorted sizes at the Empire Drug Store.
 HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.

OSGOOD'S CHOLAGOGUE for Fever and Ague.—6 Gross just received on consignment.
 HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.

COD LIVER OIL.—Rushon & Clark's celebrated Cod Liver Oil, by the dozen or bottle.
 HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.

4 BBLs. PURE CREAM TARTAR.—Nothing but a pure article is ever sold at our store, and persons who buy Cream Tartar of us, are saved the trouble of returning it. HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.

DR. BEACH'S CORDIAL.—A perfect Specific for Summer complaints and dysentery in children. (Jy19) HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE, by the barrel or gallon.
 HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.

SYRINGES.—Metallic, Self-injecting and Common, from 1 oz. to 16 oz.; also, all sizes Glass male and female.
 HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.

BRUSHES of every variety, style and name, in quantities to suit.
 HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.

BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE, this day received (Jy19) HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.

PATENT DRYER.—Five cases in cans assorted from 1 lb. to 10 lbs.
 HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.

3 BBLs. BOILED LINSEED OIL.—This article can now be had pure at our store.
 HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.

PURE BRANDY.—In pint and half-pint bottles. Also a fine assortment of liquor FLASKS. (Jy19) HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.

CHROME GREEN.—10 cases dry and grand in oil, Tinsmans brand.
 HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.

MUSTANG LINIMENT.—10 gross of this valuable preparation, embracing the three different sizes, just received at the agency in this city.
 HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.

AYER'S PILLS.—A large consignment of this valuable Medicine just received.
 HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.

WOLFE'S SCHIEDAM SCHNAPPS.—A large consignment this day received.
 HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.

LINSEED OIL, by the Cask, Barrel or Gallon.
 HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.

LAMPS.—Burning Fluid Lamps, Glass and Metal, a very large and desirable assortment; also, Camphene Hanging and Side Lamps, Wicks and Chimneys. (Jy21) HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.

CRANE'S ITCH OINTMENT.—A remedy sovaluated to cure all kinds of Itch. Prepared and sold by (Jy1) HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.

WRAPPING TWINE.—Linen and cotton. Also, a very nice article of Brown Twine. (Jy1) HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.

STARCH.—25 boxes Colgate's A. No. 1 starch, the best article sold.
 HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.

EPSOM SALTS.—3 BBLs. JUST received and for sale by FARWELL & BRO.

TO SPORTSMEN.—Ely's Gun Caps and Wads, warranted to be an imported article and superior to any thing of the kind in use. Also, another supply of those Game Bags, just received by Express. (Jy1) HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.

BY EXPRESS.—A large invoice of Merrill & Co.'s Select Powders. Any article forwarded promptly by Mail or Express.
 HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.

PUTTY IN BLADDERS.—10 Barrels this day received at the Empire Drug Store.
 HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.

LOWS ENGLISH SOAPS.—The best assortment of these valuable toilet articles in the city, at our store. (Jy1) HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.

MACHINERY OIL, designed for Machinery, Reapers and Threshing Machines. This oil is used extensively at the East, and as a lubricating oil cannot be beat.
 Also, a large invoice of SUMMER, SPERM and LARD OILS. (Jy18) HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.

PERFUMERY.—The best stock in the West can be seen at our Store.
 HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.

CHEWING GUM.—50 Boxes at wholesale sale. (Jy10) HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.

DR. EVERT'S EXPECTORANT STRUP, for coughs, colds, croup, whooping cough, and every variety of disease affecting the throat or bronchial tubes, prepared and sold by
 Jy15 FARWELL & BRO.

BY TELEGRAPH!

(REPORTED FOR THE JANESVILLE GAZETTE.)
 No report—wires down.

RAILROAD NOTICE.

OFFICE ROCK RIVER VALLEY UNION RAIL ROAD CO.,
 No. 15, Exchange Place.
 New York, August 10th, 1854.

MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS.

A holders of this company will be held at the company's office in the city of Janesville, Wis., on Tuesday the tenth day of October next at 10 o'clock A. M. to act on the following business:

1st. To hear reports of the board of directors, and to examine the statements of accounts as made up by the treasurer.

2nd. To consider what action they will take to increase the subscription to the capital stock of the company.

3rd. To adopt a revised code of by-laws.

4th. To elect a board of directors not exceeding fifteen.

5th. To consider and transact any other business that may legally come before them.

By order of the board of directors,
 J. W. CURRIER, Secretary.
 au17-td

RAILROAD NOTICE.

OFFICE ROCK RIVER VALLEY UNION RAIL ROAD CO.,
 No. 15, Exchange Place.
 New York, August 10th, 1854.

AT A MEETING OF THE DIRECTORS.

Resolved: That shareholders who were such on the 26th July 1851, who have not paid the installments which were called for by resolution of that date and which were due and payable viz: Five per cent on the first Monday of September 1851. Five per cent on the first Monday of October 1851, and ten per cent on the first Monday of November 1851, be notified that unless the said installments be paid in full to the treasurer of the company or his order at the office in the city of Janesville, Wis., on or before the second day of October 1854 the said stock will be forfeited and all previous payments thereon.

Resolved: That an assessment of Ten Dollars on each share of stock of this company be and the same is hereby required to be paid to the treasurer of the company or his order at their office in the city of Janesville, Wis., on or before the second day of October 1854, and in default of payment the stock will be forfeited and all previous payments thereon.

In accordance with the above resolutions shareholders are requested to pay the above installments and assessments to J. B. JONES, Esq., at the company's office in the city of Janesville without further order.

J. W. CURRIER, Secretary.
 au17-t oct 2 Treasurer R. V. U. R. R. Co.

BOSTON STORE.

Choice Liquors!
 The Proprietor of the Boston Store would inform the public, that he has now on hand the largest and best assortment of Liquors ever offered for sale in Rock county, which he will sell at

WHOLESALE OR RETAIL
 At a small profit for Cash.

Those wishing a choice article for Medicinal and Family purposes, will find it for their interest to purchase of him.

In his stock may be found the following varieties:
Brandy.
 Otard, Dupuy & Co., Pale and Dark; Old Martell; Pinet, Castillon & Co., Hennessy; Old London Dock; A. Seignett, Pale and Dark; Pellerin; Rastau; Old Cherry; Raspberry; Imperial Blackberry.

Wines.
 London Dry Port; Burgundy Port; Pure Port Juice; Old Madeira; Sicily; Woodhouse; Florio; Sweet Malaga and Malmsay; Old Brown and Pale Sherry.

Champagne.
 Heidsieck; Crown; Eagle; Tiger and Anchor.

Gin.
 Triple Pine Apple; Meder's Swan; Palm Leaf; Old Holland; Scheidelein.

Rum.
 Old Jamaica; St. Croix; New England.

Whisky.
 Old Scotch; Irish; Ohio; Belvidere.

London Porter and Scotch Ale.
 A. W. WHEELLOCK.
 Jy22 Main street, opposite the Old Stage House.

A PERIODICAL IN JANESVILLE!

"The Wisconsin Home,"
 A Miscellaneous and Reformatory Journal, will be printed on the first and fifteenth of each month from and after the

FIFTEENTH OF SEPTEMBER, 1854.
 by Messrs. BAKER & DOTT, publishers and proprietors of the Janesville Free Press; and edited by Wm. M. DOTT, of the above named firm.

Each No. of "The Wisconsin Home" will consist of EIGHT PAGES; making a sheet, in point of size, nearly the same as the "Scientific American." We shall reserve ONLY ONE COLUMN OF ADVERTISING for the purpose of publishing an occasional prospectus in addition to our own; leaving THIRTY-ONE COLUMNS OF READING MATTER.

One or two good stories will appear in each No. but none except those having a directly moral and beneficial tendency will be admitted into its columns; but no such exclusion of the kind will be taken. As a better idea may be formed by seeing the article itself, the first No. will be furnished to all who wish to examine it, FREE OF CHARGE.

The Terms of "The Wisconsin Home" will be ONE DOLLAR PER YEAR, payable half yearly in advance. Subscriptions books now open.

Orders solicited early, especially for sample numbers, in order that they may have a large edition will supply the demand. Address post-paid, Wm. M. DOTT, Janesville, Wis.

*Papers giving the above notice and calling attention thereto editorially, will not only be entitled to an exchange, but to the thanks of the proprietor.
 au19 W. M. D.

HARRISON'S CELEBRATED PERFUMERY.

WHICH HAS GAINED FOR ITSELF a reputation, rivaled by none, even of foreign or domestic manufacture, can now be procured at home at Harrison's card prices, at wholesale or retail.

The following is only a slight enumeration, for Handkerchief and Toilet purrmy.

Ext. Upper Ten
 Violet
 Essence Bouquet
 Amber
 Caroline Bouquet
 Nissella Rose
 Clematis
 Cowslip
 Geranium
 Hawthorn
 Hedyotis
 Heliotropia
 Honeyuckle

Ext. Jasmine
 Jockey Club
 Lilac
 Mug
 New Morn Hay
 Patchouly
 Rose
 Spring Flowers
 Sweet Brier
 Sweet Pea
 Tea Rose
 Verbena

Ext. Almonds
 Cery
 Cinnamon
 Ginger
 Lemon
 Rose
 Violet
 Patchouly
 Shasbrook

Ext. Sandalwood
 Ambrosial
 Pomegranate
 Brown Windsor, &c.

And in fact every variety of Harrison's Perfumery &c., just received in large quantities at
 FARWELL & BRO'S, Drug Store.

WHEN Insects bite this suffering clay,
 In beds, alas! we cannot stay.
 Beceiged before, beceiged behind,
 The only reliable safeguard is Dutcher's "Dead Shot" at
 au11 FARWELL'S.

A NEW SUPPLY OF WALL AND WINDOW PAPERS.

Also, Cloth Shades, Cord, Tassels, Borders and Testers, just received and for sale cheap at
 SUTHERLAND'S Book Store.
 Janesville, Aug. 2d, 1854. 48

AGAIN & AGAIN

THE BOSTON STORE.

Let the Horn be Blown!!
 "Sound the loud trumpet of war and of peace,"
 WHEELLOCK'S triumph, and our cheer be

THIS is the middle of the nineteenth century, the first half of which has produced more change in the art of dress than any fifty years of our Christian Era.

The great controlling power of this age is its commerce—indeed, this may be truly called the commercial age.

It has been well said by an ancient writer that "Man wants but little here below," and to supply these wants

WHEELLOCK
 Announces to every people and every tongue, to both sexes and all parties, to all nations of all panges, that finding his cloth entirely

TOO SMALL!
 He has been compelled, in order to be able to supply the immense call for goods at such a rate, to

Double the capacity of his Store Rooms!
 Having purchased this spring, for this market, to be sold this season,

\$39,007 00 Worth of Goods
 But who can expect to read in the brief space of one life all the articles that are to be sold at

BOSTON STORE CONTAINS.
 Indeed, history must fail to give the searcher of knowledge any accurate idea of his immense

STOCK OF SUMMER GOODS,
 His inimitable selection of

Fancy Dress Goods!
 He has over

10,000 Yards of Silk Bares,
 of every style and price, and it is with no great difficulty that the fair damels of this fair valley can select

FROM THE ONE THOUSAND PIECES
 Of all patterns and in price from SIX CENTS Per Yard to Twenty-Eight Cents, such dresses as will add to their exquisite beauty, though it may be a general thing, be as difficult to add to that beauty as it is to add to the price, and it is to add to the price

It must not be inferred that we offer only these and the many other articles for outer apparel, such as Chamois and Foulard Silks, but all manner of

Cotton, Grass and Linen Goods
 are on change, so that every one may be entirely accommodated with every article of female apparel.—Eved French red foxed Gaiters,

Ladies' Enamelled Boots, Enamelled sewed Congress Boots,
LADIES' MOROCCO POLKAS.
 And all the articles manufactured of the best styles.—So that of this store, so far as articles which adorn La Belle sex are concerned, it may be truly said

"CUSTOM cannot state the infinite variety."
 While the Boston Store has made provision to protect the feet, it can also boast that it has all sorts of

GLOVES,
 by which hands can be protected and retain

"The little wonder of fair Juliet's hand."
 And in taking leave of those of whom it is no exaggeration to say they are

"Heaven's last, best gift to man,"
 the Nonpareils of beauty, the Paragons of perfection, Mr. Wheelock assures his fair customers that his assistants and auxiliaries are those who unite great knowledge of the business, fine personal presence and affability of manner to a determination to discharge conscientiously the several and to positive duties that while they may have the proper desire to effect sales, they will not in initiation of many of our competitors attempt to accomplish that object by equivocation, misrepresentation, exaggeration, tergiversation, fabrication, or by direct lying.

And now to the wants of the

COARSE-HAND SEX.
 Mr. Wheelock has every kind of material to make those articles of dress that give to man his individuality—

PANTALOONS,
 CALF "BENTW," "HIDE DO," GAZELLE, &c., PATENT LEATHER, &c., GIRAFFE, &c.,

HATS
 That fit every head from the Westerner brow to the country politician's, none, from the size of capot of Mr. who is closely shaven after the Hibernian fashion to that of him who wears the well-pomaded, ambrosialized, elongated Hyperion curls.

And to the spectator who boys to sell again,
The Boston Store
 Can, at lower rates of usance than any other establishment west of the Alleghany mountains, furnish that class of exchanges so that riches will fill their pockets as water fills the sea.

DOMESTIC GLASSWARE, WORTED,
 Pocket Handkerchiefs, Instandards, Cotton Yarn, Ready-made Vests, Ground Pepper, Flannels, Looking Glasses, Ready-made Over Coats, Pants, Raincoats, Hats and Caps, and every article of the kind, which the whirling school-boy with shining morning face bears on his arm, Chests, Norwegian Bandboxes and Hair Trunks, Tea, Tobacco and Wickings.

In the

CROCKERY
 Line may be found the

BENNINGTON, the FARMAS and the LAVA Manufacture, Pitchers for milk or water, Tea Pots, Spitoons, Bowls for washing, for bread and milk, or sugar, Candelsticks, children's Toys and Flower Pots, MAINE LIQUOR LA W. VOLKMAN and Lager Beer Mugs.

And in fine, the proprietor of this establishment can with all confidence assure those who have been in the habit of trading at Janesville that, although they have

"Often seen corruption bold and bubble till
 No error shall abide,"
 they are not the representations which shall be made to them by that proprietor or his clerks who will not "Stand like forfeits in a Barber shop,
 Nor in mock them mark."

A. W. WHEELLOCK.
 Janesville, June 13, 1854. 41

1854. PIXLEY & KIMBALL,

DEALERS IN
WHOLESALE & RETAIL,
 SIGN OF THE SAW, MAIN STREET, JANESVILLE

THE SUBSCRIBERS, in returning their thanks to their numerous patrons for past favors, and soliciting a continuance of the same, would respectfully inform the people of Central and Western Wisconsin that they have now in store, and offer for sale at the lowest cash prices, a larger and better selected stock of

Heavy and Shelf Hardware,
Bar Iron, Steel, Nails,
Stoves, &c.,

than can be found in any other establishment in the interior of the State.

The attention of Consumers and Country Dealers is particularly invited to our immense stock of

AMERICAN, ENGLISH REFINED & SWEDISH IRON, CAST, GERMAN, ENGLISH & AMERICAN BLASTER, TONAL, SPRING, CON. & CAST IRON STEEL, of all sizes.

Also the almost endless variety of superior

The Daily Gazette.

JANESVILLE : : : WISCONSIN.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, AUG. 23, 1884.

ROCK COUNTY REPUBLICAN CONVENTION.

The electors of Rock county who are determined to support no man for office who is not positively and fully committed to the support of the principles announced in the "Republican Platform" adopted at Madison on the 18th of July last, and whose personal character, political associations and private conduct, do not afford a guarantee that he is reliable, are invited to meet in their respective townships or wards at the place of holding the last township ward election, on Tuesday the 10th day of October next, at 2 o'clock P. M. for the purpose of effecting a thorough organization of the Republican party in their towns or wards, and of appointing delegates to a county convention hereby called at the Court House in Janesville, on THURSDAY, the 12th day of October next, at 2 o'clock P. M., to nominate a county ticket.

The towns and wards will be entitled to representation in the county convention as follows:—to wit:

Town or Ward	Representatives
Avon	3
Beloit	10
Bradford	4
Center	4
Clinton	4
Fulton	4
Genoa	4
Lama	4
Johnstown	4
La Prairie	4
Le Centre	4
Turtle	4

L. P. HARVEY, J. H. BIRD, JOHN HOWE, S. G. COLLEY, O. H. WILLISTON, A. HOSKINS, PETER SCHMITZ, J. DAWSON, J. YOUNG, County Committee.

17th SENATORIAL DISTRICT CONVENTION.

At the same time and place above designated in the respective towns and wards for meetings, to choose delegates to the county convention, the Republican electors of the wards of the city of Janesville, and of the towns in this county comprised in the 17th senatorial district, are requested to select an equal number of delegates to which they are entitled under the above appointment in the county convention, to represent them in a senatorial convention hereby called at the Court House in Janesville, on THURSDAY the 12th day of October next at 11 o'clock A. M., to nominate a candidate for senator.

By order of the County Committee.

Congressional Convention—Second District.

The electors of the second congressional district of Wisconsin, comprising the counties of Rock, Green, Dane, Iowa, Lafayette, Grant, Richland, Sauk, Adams, Portage, Marathon, Crawford, Bad Ax, La Crosse, Monroe, Polk, Pierce, Trempealeau, Elk, Chippewa, Clark, Dunn, Buffalo, St. Croix, Douglas and La Pointe, who are opposed to the Nebraska inquiry, and in favor of the principles announced in the "Republican" platform, adopted at Madison July 18th, are invited to meet in their respective assembly districts, and select two delegates from each to represent them in a congressional convention to be held at Mineral Point on Wednesday, the 13th of September, at 12 o'clock M., to nominate a candidate to be supported at the approaching election. By order of the state central committee.

WM. A. WHITE, Chairman.

Assembly District Conventions—Rock County.

The electors of Rock county who are opposed to the Nebraska inquiry and in favor of the principles announced in the Republican platform adopted at Madison, July 18th, are requested to meet in MASS CONVENTION at the places designated below in their respective Assembly Districts, on Tuesday, 5th of September next, at 2 o'clock P. M., and select two delegates from each Assembly District to represent them in the Congressional Convention called at Mineral Point on the 13th of September. The Convention for the

Beloit, &c. District, at the office of Samuel H. Homan Esq. in the new Hotel building, Beloit.

Milton, Lima, &c. District, at Johnson's Hotel, Johnsonville.

Every elector who desires a true man to represent this District in the National Legislature, should feel an interest in promoting a full attendance at the Mass Conventions and securing a full representation from this District in the Congressional Convention.

L. P. HARVEY, J. H. BIRD, JOHN HOWE, S. G. COLLEY, O. H. WILLISTON, A. HOSKINS, PETER SCHMITZ, J. DAWSON, J. YOUNG, County Committee.

The calls for the various conventions have crowded upon us so "thick and fast" that we have not been able to call attention to them individually as we should like to have done. But they are none the less important, and we trust our friends will act promptly upon them, when the time arrives. The success of the anti-Nebraska movement in other quarters should not only be held as an encouragement, but as an admonition not to fall below the glorious example set us by others.

THE SARATOGA CONVENTION.—This convention was attended by delegates from every county in the state, except Columbia, Franklin, Sullivan and Suffolk, numbering about 400. Hon. Wm. T. McCoun, of Queens county, presided. Mr. Greeley was on the committee of resolutions and reported a series, with a long preamble, which altogether, amounted to a declaration that "all territory of the United States must henceforth be free territory, and all states hereafter must come in as free states." [Received with nine cheers.] The last of the resolutions approved the course pursued by the people of Vermont, Connecticut, Iowa, Ohio, Michigan, Wisconsin, &c., in postponing or disregarding their minor differences and acting together in the cause of freedom, and commended their spirit to the freemen of New York and other states.

A resolution to nominate a state ticket was laid on the table, and the convention adjourned to meet again on the 26th of September at Auburn, to make nominations.

The most remarkable case of conscience of modern times, is that of Garret Smith, who, it is stated in setting with the sergeant-at-arms, was entitled to about \$500 legal mileage, but only took about \$90, being eight dollars a day while coming and going, and actual traveling expenses.

RECORDED.—The Cincinnati bankers have decided to receive the notes of the Indiana free banks of the denomination of \$5 and upwards, for the present.

The Madison Journal has the following reference to candidates for congress, in this district:

Constitutional Candidates.—It is about time for the republicans to be getting about for a proper man to support for congress at the coming campaign. We have heard no one suggested as yet, in this district. We are happily not overwhelmed with candidates, as is the case with the "democracy." Our party is not composed of office-seekers. It is made up of men who have ability and independence enough to maintain themselves without office. We do not know of a single man in the whole district who is signing for the nomination. We must however endeavor to select a man in great way, reliable, and one who has the ability to attend to the interests of his constituents as they should be. It would therefore be well for papers in the district to express their opinions, and to point out the proper man. We find the following paragraph in the Janesville Gazette, respecting the re-election of Mr. Washburne of Illinois:

"We hope and believe that Mr. Washburne will be re-elected, and whether the voters of his district like his 'whig,' or something else, is not very essential, so long as they get the man. The Washburne family is good stock to select from."

This Mr. Washburne has also a brother in congress—Mr. Washburne of Maine. Both have made excellent members; both have been true as steel to the great principles of human liberty and true republicanism. The republicans of Illinois and of Maine are in favor of their re-election, and this reminds us that a third brother resides at Mineral Point in this district. He is quite an old resident of the state, is an active, intelligent, straight-forward business man, pretty well known in the district, and we presume would make as good a member of congress as his brothers. We concur with the Gazette that the "stock" is a good one to select from.

Harlow S. Orton of this place is another gentleman well qualified for the station, and possesses, in addition to excellent practical business talent, qualifications for public speaking and debate not surpassed by any gentleman in the state.

Orsamus Cole, of Grant, is another gentleman whose qualifications strongly recommend him to the consideration of the people. He has been tried and not found wanting. If he would accept the nomination, we could rely upon being well represented in the next congress.

There are a number of other excellent men in the district, for whose election we would gladly labor; and we wish to hear some expression from our contemporaries, as to who is the best man to unite the anti-Nebraska sentiment of the district, and call out the entire vote of the republican party.

The Milwaukee News says the worst aspect of the late "abolition" triumph in Iowa is that it will probably prevent the return of the Hon. A. C. Dodge to the senate. It is strange what peculiar tastes some men have. We don't believe the News could find one in a thousand to agree with it in this statement. On the contrary, most people look upon that as the very best part of the triumph. The public have long ago voted Augustus Caesar Dodge a nuisance in the senate, and the people of Iowa have determined to act in accordance with this prevailing sentiment.

The Prairie du Chien Courier, an independent paper, but strongly inclined to favor the democratic side of politics when there is any possible chance of doing so, makes the following plain, common sense remarks about the veto of the river and harbor appropriation bill. It speaks the sentiments probably of nine tenths of all the democrats in the west, but still, with a strange and unaccountable inconsistency, they will persist in aiding to place men in power who they know will enact the same thing over again. How long will it be before men will begin to act as they talk and think?

Tax Veto.—On the fourth inst. the president returned to the "house of representatives in which it originated," the river and harbor appropriation bill with his veto message. He intimates that the bill came in too near the end of the session to allow him to prepare an argument on the subject such as he could produce if he had leisure. We are glad it was so. It is bad enough to deny the people the use of their own money for necessary and highly important public improvements, without overwhelming them with half an acre of contemptible twaddle, such as now-a-days comes from the white house, in the shape of constitutional arguments. How happens it that congress never understands the subject as the president does? Why will the house of representatives pass a bill every year, which the chief magistrate cannot sign? And why is it that that unfortunate bill is invariably the only one the people care a fig about? Congress will not do anything of real public utility except the passage of annual appropriations for the improvement of our rivers and harbors, and the president will not let them do that. So between them we get no legislation at all worth having. Mr. Pierce's pretence that he was compelled to withhold his assent from the bill because it contained provisions for local improvements is sheer nonsense. Every improvement has to some extent a merely local value, and every improvement is to some extent a general benefit, and it would not be asking too much of the president, to insist that he should permit the members of congress coming to see him from all parts of the country to know what works are of sufficient general utility to justify the assistance of government. Can't we have a congress that knows as much as the president, and a president that knows something?

The salaries in the departments at Washington, with the mileage and per diem of members, amounts to \$1,845,658. \$1,300,000 are set down for the pay, mileage and other contingent expenses of the two houses—or \$4000 per member, besides \$80,000 for printing for part of the last session; and over \$30,000 more for books voted and distributed to members of congress. There are thousands more for reporting the debates in the Washington papers. The judicial expenses of the government run well on to a million of dollars.

LOW NECKED DRESSES.—It is said when the Turkish officer Amin Bey, during his last visit to this country, attended some fashionable parties at Washington, he remarked that on going into our society, he expected to see "as many" of American ladies, but not "as much."

NEW HOTEL IN NEW YORK.—Notwithstanding the unfavorable time with hotel keepers, we see it stated that the upper part of the building now being erected by Dr. Brandreth on Broadway, Canal and Lispenard sts., has been arranged for a hotel, on the European plan, and has been leased to Mr. W. A. Radford. The rent of this building—stores, hotel, &c., will amount to about \$40,000.

FROM THE EMIGRATING PARTY.—KANSAS, J. L. LEWIS.—I am happy to inform my friends and countrymen generally, that the pioneer party of the Massachusetts emigrant company, arrived here safe and sound, being six trading days from Boston, and are now in Rochester. This may be set down as the actual date between our city and Kansas. All of the party are really healthy—not a case of sickness occurred during the trip. What a volume might be written concerning our noble boat and its mixed cargo! We had four Pennsylvania Germans going to the Kickapoo, Indiana, first of all. We had six slaves with their masters going to work camp in Lexington, Missouri. Some of them appear happy in their midnight journey. The master of one said he paid \$1400 for his lot. One poor fellow has left a wife and five children in Kentucky, but his master was compelled to sell him to save himself from ruin. We had many slave-owners on board, some of whom talked loud about rats and feathers on our arrival.

Flour is \$3.75 per cwt., butter 12 1/2 cts per lb., beef \$5.00, wood \$3.50 per cord, &c. I never expected to see such corn. No rain has fallen for fifty days, which is very uncommon, but the black soil is many feet deep.

Those thinking of coming had better keep cool this hot weather, and make preparations to meet some difficulties and receive in return 100 acres of excellent land. I shall keep you posted as we proceed.

But here we are in this city. We called together "the mummy-making crew," as we were called, loaded our rifles, and appointed our men to give the word in case any emergency occurred demanding their use. In answer to inquiries, we told the slave-owners that we meant to be prepared in case we fell in with a flock of wild geese or other game. While on the boat one man boasted that word had been sent on to give us such a warm reception as would prevent any more "thieves and paupers" from coming on from the coast.

This morning we are making preparations for traveling 35 miles to the Wabash river territory, which our agents say is the best land on this side the hobo, and they doubt whether the other side can produce any half as good.

I would say to the reader of this, that on coming up the Missouri I saw splendid land, but never did I see anything like the land here. It costs a man not less than \$40 or \$50 to come here and return.—Cor. Rochester Democrat.

THE PHASES OF LIFE.—The Baltimore American says that on Friday morning a lady appeared at the mayor's office in Baltimore, and asked aid to bury the remains of a cousin's husband, who had just died after a disease of ten years' standing. The wife, who for a long time had supported the family by the labor of her hands, had been obliged of late to relinquish her work, for the purpose of ministering at the bedside of her husband. On the previous week she had sold the last bed, that on which he reposed, to procure a small amount of food to sustain life. She had become indebted to the amount of eleven dollars for house rent, and on the day before (Thursday) her landlord had seized and sold the remainder of her property—which realized the sum of two dollars. Entirely destitute of food and furniture, the family remained in the house, and the father died without even a pillow on which to repose his head.

The unfortunate widow, thus destitute and starving, was a niece of the late John McDonough, the New Orleans millionaire. She is left to struggle through the world in abject poverty, while his ample estates given to already rich and independent corporations. The lady who appeared at the mayor's office in behalf of her cousin, was also a niece of Mr. McDonough, and was too poor to render any assistance to the suffering one. Her recital touched the kindly feelings of those present, and in a few moments a sufficient amount of money was contributed to bury the dead.

RULES FOR REDUCING ACRES TO SQUARE MILES.—Cut off three figures from the right and increase the remainder by fifty six and a quarter per cent; thus, 16,000 square acres.—Cut off, three, the remainder is 18. Add 8 which is fifty per cent, the sum is 24. Again add 1, which is one sixteenth, or six and a quarter per cent, the sum is 25 (square miles).—Proof: 25x840=16,000.

This rule is very convenient for reading congressional and other talk about acres of large amount, when one wishes merely an approximation to the more intelligible denomination of square miles. For this purpose the six and a quarter per cent may be omitted. Thus Mr. Gwinn, in Congress, proposes to give the Pacific railroad company alternate sections of land amounting to 40,000,000 square acres. Most newspaper readers have no practical comprehension of that surface thus expressed. But to 40,000 add 20,000 making 60,000 square miles, and every school-boy knows it is a surface just about as large as the state of Georgia, or Missouri, or Illinois. If he is "very particular" he may stop reading the article and cypher out the sixteenth, which in the case supposed is 2500 square miles.—Boston Free Press.

JUSTIFYING THE VETO OF THE RIVER AND HARBOR BILL.—The Sheboygan Journal and the News of this city, approve of the president's veto of the river and harbor bill, and think that, in so doing, he was carrying out democratic principles. Why didn't they advocate such doctrine two years ago, when Pierce was running for the presidency? It would not do then. To have come out openly and candidly, and published Gen. Pierce's position in regard to river and harbor improvements, would have defeated him overwhelmingly in all the western states. We are glad to receive that, but very few, even of the democratic journals of the west, have the brazen impudence and hardihood to attempt to justify the conduct of president Pierce in vetoing the river and harbor bill. A few antislavery sheets, of the rakes and most rabid pro-slavery character, which have sworn to sustain every act of the present administration, no matter how base and treacherous to the best interest of the nation; will, of course, seek to delude the people into the belief that the veto was all right; that the president is a firm friend of western interests, and that he withheld his signature from the harbor bill because he had conscientious scruples as to its constitutionality; but they will find it up-hill business.—Free Democrat.

The Hartford Times, the leading democratic paper in Conn., and the only one of the least importance, that has not been brought up by the administration, says that the circumstances "did not justify the entire destruction of the town, (of San Juan,) involving many innocent persons in losses and inconvenience. The cause was not aggravated enough for the punishment."

A PRACTICAL KNOW-NOTHING.—The western country is such an unknown land to the stay-at-home down easter, that his inquiries evince practical know-nothingness. One of the editors of the Baraboo Standard, now in the state of Maine, writes: Coming from Wisconsin, I am frequently interrogated in regard to its soil, its climate—what kind of people or society we have? and I have been asked the question, by a "know-nothing," if the Indians troubled us much?

THE BOSTON DAILY ADVERTISER.—The Boston Daily Advertiser thus commences a report respecting Charles Dickens, which has been in circulation here:—The Advertiser's correspondent is supposed to be Prof. Felton, of Harvard University. It is a matter of delicacy to touch upon the private affairs of gentlemen. But I will venture to say a word or two with regard to those of Mr. Dickens, whose domestic life has been so ruthlessly invaded by this slanderer. Ever since the commencement of the Pickwick papers, Mr. Dickens has received a large income, and that income has been generously but not extravagantly devoted, so far as was necessary, to the comfort and happiness of those dependent on him. The noble manner in which he has discharged his duties, and more than his duties, towards those with whom the relations of life have closely bound him, is known to all who know him and them; and the affectionate admiration with which he is regarded by the circle of relatives and friends by whom he is surrounded, should forever silence the tongue of slander. Mr. Dickens lives in a style of simple elegance, without the slightest extravagance, and far within his means. His industry is scarcely equalled by fifty men in England; and the popularity and circulation of his works quite surpass any thing known in modern times, except Mrs. Stowe's Uncle Tom. He receives his friends with grand hospitality, but without ostentation. He enjoys life in a rational manner, running into none of the excesses of fashion or parade which might tempt a weaker man placed in his circumstances, in a great city like London. I have reason to believe that the profits of the new and revised edition of his works, which has an enormous sale, are wholly untouched by his expenses. If so, then few literary men are so well off in their pecuniary circumstances as Charles Dickens.

THE JOURNAL.—The Patriot publishes a call, numerously signed—the country having been industriously scoured for several weeks past to obtain signatures—asking Thos. Hood, Esq., to become a candidate for judge of this circuit. Mr. Hood accepts the call, and significantly adds that if elected he shall endeavor to render the "administration of justice PLEASANT for suitors."

The Patriot urges his election on strict party grounds as the candidate of the democracy.—Mr. Hood is a Nebraska democrat we believe, and we have it on good authority that he, with one or two of his associates, recently visited Sank City and attempted to change the politics of the German paper at that place, which strongly opposes the Nebraska outrage, and to stop its noble utterances of freedom. It is also a significant fact that W. N. Seymour, who sustains the Pierce administration and the Kansas-Nebraska act, heads the call. Mr. Hood is a democrat in the party sense of the word. We admit it; and the pro-slavery men would do well to support their candidate.

We do not believe, however, that the low party appeals of the Patriot will prove particularly favorable to its candidate among the intelligent and honest portion of the democracy.—The people of this circuit are not in favor of party candidates.—Madison Journal.

AUSTRALIAN GOLD AND THE DISCOVERY OF A GREAT RIVER.—The prospects of business in Australia appear to be more favorable than in California. The yield of gold is more certain and at present is larger. The London bankers estimate, that from \$9,000,000 to \$10,000,000 sterling per annum, or \$48,000,000 in our currency, is the aggregate that may continue to be looked for. The growth of the country in population and trade promises to realize all expectations. The increase of immigration in the single colony of Victoria alone, continues to average 15,000 souls per week, and the agricultural and commercial resources of the entire territory of South Australia, Victoria, and New South Wales, are found to be capable of vast expansion from the channel of traffic opened up by the navigation of the Murray. This river in its course forms a boundary to all the three colonies, and while it connects the whole, gives each of them a common outlet to the sea. Its exploration has been conducted so thoroughly that it is now ascertained to be navigable for steam vessels through a distance of 1,900 miles.

MORTALITY OF THE COUNTY POOR HOUSE IN JULY.—A careful examination of the official report of Dr. Pratt to the board of health, and of the certificates of death from the same source, furnishes us the following catalogue for the month of July:

There died of cholera 27 males and 29 females. 56

Add Mr. Otis and Mr. Hebbard. 3

Total deaths from cholera. 59

" " " other diseases. 57

Total mortality for the month. 66

Of the 66 deaths by cholera of pauper inmates, 25 were from the insane department, containing 63 inmates.

If we take the number of inmates at 279, as given by the superintendents, we find from the above statement, that one-fifth of the entire population of the institution has died of cholera in a single month. The same ratio of mortality in the city would have swept off 16,000 souls.—Buff. Com. Adv.

SPECIMENS OF GRASS.—Mr. John C. Bishop, of Eden, brought to our office on Saturday last, 16 heads of Timothy grass, grown from one root, the combined length of six of which is 50 inches, and the largest of which is 93, and the shortest six inches. They will grow on marsh land, ditched and seeded upon the sod, without dragging or plowing—seed sown upon the snow. The ground is but partially seeded, scattered thinly among the wild grass. This ground gives abundant evidences that heavy crops of Timothy can be grown upon our wild marsh land, without the expense of breaking the old sod, if properly ditched.—Fond du Lac Union.

A single lady recently died at St. Malo, France, who was worth four millions of francs, leaving twenty-two wills, all of which it was necessary for the judicial authorities to examine. A married woman cannot make a will—a single one can—and this lady seemed determined to enjoy the privilege to the utmost.

A good story is told of a Michigan man who recently went into Indiana to buy a drove of hogs. He was longer than he intended to be absent, and failed to meet a business engagement. On being rather reproached for not being at home, he made due apology. "I tell you how it is, square, at every little darned town they wanted me to stop and be president of a bank."

THE MARKETS.

JANESVILLE, TUESDAY EVENING, Aug. 22.

Flour, 8,000s 50; Wheat, winter, 1,250s 30; club, 1,150s 20; common spring, 1,060s 15; Corn, 45s 48; Rye, 60s 65; Barley, 40s 55; Oats, 24s 25.

MILWAUKEE, TUESDAY MORNING, Aug. 22.—Wheat, winter, 1,300s 40; club, 1,200s 30; common spring, 1,000s 15; Rye, 75s 80; Oats, 30s 31; Barley, 50s 60; Corn, in the ear, 45s 50; shelled, 50s 57.

CHICAGO, MONDAY EVENING, Aug. 21.—Flour, 35s 75; Wheat, winter, 1,200; spring 95s 00; Corn, 37s 25; Rye, 60s 92.

AGRICULTURAL NOTICE.

The quarterly meeting of the Rock County Agricultural Society and Mechanics' Institute, will be held at the Academy Hall in the city of Janesville, on Monday the 26th day of September next, at ten o'clock A. M. Essay by J. A. Fletcher, Esq. of Johnsonville. O. R. GIBBS, Secretary.

County papers please copy. au18

TRUSDELL, JORDAN & BENNETT,

Attorneys at Law.

Having completed an accurate abstract of the TITLE, TAX and JUDGMENT RECORDS of Rock County, are prepared to furnish full and reliable information respecting the ownership of Real Estate in said county, and all liens on such estate by Judgment, Mortgage or otherwise. They will attend to the purchase and sale of Real Estate, the negotiation of Loans, payment of Taxes, and the redemption of land from Tax Sales, and generally to all such business as properly belongs to a REAL ESTATE OFFICE.

Business in the courts of this and the adjoining counties will be promptly attended to. Office—Second Story of Empire Block. 89 Janesville, Wis., May 23th, 1881.

J. F. PEASE

Will commence his next term of

Instruction upon the Piano Forte, and in Vocal Music on Wednesday Sept. 10th. Pupils under his tuition may be assured that no pains will be spared to secure their rapid and thorough advancement in the art.

Good boarding places will be provided for pupils, from abroad. Opportunity for practice upon good Pianos for those who wish. Apply at Pease's Music Rooms. Janesville, Aug. 20th, 1884. au22-3w4d

Notice.

THE undersigned having closed up the affairs of their late firm, are now engaged as the wholesale and retail dealers for the following houses, manufacturing Organs, Melodions and Seraphines. Charles Austin, Lincoln & Dearborn. Mason & Hamlin, Warren & Co. Legalle & Crockett, Newark & Bro's. Any instrument made by the above firms we will furnish at the manufacturer's price and fully warrant. If it does not prove good, it can be exchanged without cost. Terms cash or approved notes on three or four months. JOHN F. PEASE & CO., Janesville, Wis. Boston, Aug. 15, 1884. au22-3w4d

Something New!!

MR. CHARLES AUSTIN, the cele-

brated Reed maker has just completed his new Organ Reeds, and states that he has labored for five years and expended more than six thousand dollars. This reed is different from all others in its composition, being much larger and having more power. It is intended for use in the following organs: manufactured by Messrs. Austin & Co. These organs have an upright (Organ) action and are of the shape of all Church Organs. The price will range from \$175 to \$500, depending upon the finish of the case. To churches in want of an instrument of this value we would say that they have more power than any common Organ costing \$500.

J. F. Pease & Co., Janesville, Wis., are interested in the manufacture and sale of these instruments, and are the only persons through whom they can be had. They will have one or more for exhibition as early as Sept. 10, and after that a good assortment as soon as they can be manufactured. JOHN F. PEASE & CO., Janesville, Wis. CHAS. AUSTIN, Concord, N. H. au22-3w4d

THE ALGERINE CHILDREN

AND FAMOUS

ALGERINE TROUPE,

Will give their grand Drawing

Room Levees in this city on Tuesday Evening, August 26th, at 7 1/2, performance to commence at 8 1/2 precisely.

Box seats 50 cents, no half price. au22

McCormick's Cholera Specific.

THE GREAT DEMAND for this

celebrated medicine, a sure cure for

CHOLERA AND CHOLERA MORBUS,

has induced the subscribers to go extensively into its

manufacture and distribution, and to send out directions, to prevent counterfeits.

This article has been extensively used in the interior of the state during the past three years, and the best

reference can be given to its efficacy in curing the disease for which it is recommended. Remedy is prepared only by the subscribers, sole proprietors of the original recipe. HOLDEN, KEMP & CO. Aug. 18, 1884. au22

TUBE PAINTS, Pallet Boards, Brush-

es &c., a full assortment for artist's use, kept constantly on hand, at FARWELL & BRO'S. au22

RUSHTON & CLARK'S COD LIV-

ER OIL, warranted pure, and from fresh fish.

One gross just received at FARWELL & BRO'S.

MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT.

One gross 25 cts. 50 cts. and 1.00 bottles just received and for sale by FARWELL & BRO.

MURRY'S FLUID MAGNESIA, a

mild, safe and elegant anti-acid aperient, pos-

sessing all the properties of the magnesia in general use, and especially cures heartburn, indigestion, the

costs of the stomach. It prevents the food of in-

fant's turning sour, and in all cases acts as a pleasing

aperient peculiarly adapted for females. For sale by

aug21 FARWELL & BRO.

SHAKER'S EXTRACT VALERIAN,

highly beneficial for all nervous debility, sick head

ache, etc.—50 gross for sale at FARWELL & BRO'S.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS AND OINT-

MENT—Wholesale agency at FARWELL & BRO'S. aug21

PURE LIQUORS—for Medicinal pur-

poses, which are warranted free from all adulter-

ation, and none sold at our establishment without the pure

quill. For sale by FARWELL & BRO.

BRYAN & LOCOCK'S PULMONIC

WAFERS, for sale by FARWELL & BRO.

SOLOMON LER'S VERMIN DE-

STROYER—a new thing—without fail in every in-

stance for rats, mice, roaches, ants, and other vermin

infesting houses, barns, granaries, fields, etc. The arti-

cle which penetrates the composition are in themselves

very innocent and contain no particle of poison, but

when combined create a gas which explodes the stom-

ach and destroys life in a few hours. As soon as the

stomach is affected the article becomes neutralized

and affords nothing thereafter, so that there can be

no danger in its use under any circumstances. Two

gross just received by FARWELL & BRO.

The Daily Gazette.

JANESVILLE : : : WISCONSIN.
WEDNESDAY MORNING, AUG. 23, 1854.

ROCK COUNTY REPUBLICAN CONVENTION.

The electors of Rock county who are determined to support no man for office who is not positively and fully committed to the support of the principles announced in the "Republican Platform" adopted at Madison on the 30th of July last, and whose personal character, political associations and private conduct, cannot afford a guarantee that he is reliable, are invited to meet at their respective townships or ward elections, on Tuesday the 10th day of October next, at 2 o'clock P. M. for the purpose of electing a thorough organization of the Republican party in their county, and of appointing delegates to a county convention to be held at the Court House in Janesville, on THURSDAY, the 12th day of October next, at 2 o'clock P. M. to nominate a county ticket.

The towns and wards will be entitled to representation in the county convention as follows—to-wit:

Town or Ward	Representatives
Avon	1
Bellevue	2
Bradford	2
Clinton	2
Fulton	2
Harrison	2
Lima	2
Porter	2
La Prairie	2
Janesville, town	2
Turley	2

J. F. HARVEY,
JOHN H. BODD,
G. H. WILLISTON,
PETER SCHMITZ,
S. G. COLLEY,
County Committee.

17th SENATORIAL DISTRICT CONVENTION.

At the same time and place above designated in the respective towns and wards for meetings, to choose delegates to the county convention, the Republican electors of the wards of the city of Janesville, and of the towns in this county comprised in the 17th senatorial district, are requested to select an equal number of delegates to which they are entitled under the above appointment in the county convention to represent them in a senatorial convention hereby called at the Court House in Janesville, on THURSDAY, the 12th day of October next at 11 o'clock, A. M., to nominate a candidate for senator.

By order of the County Committee.

Congressional Convention—Second District.

The electors of the second congressional district of Wisconsin, comprising the counties of Rock, Green, Dane, Iowa, Lafayette, Grant, Richland, Sauk, Adams, Portage, Marathon, Crawford, Bad Ax, La Crosse, Monroe, Polk, Pierce, Trempealeau, Elk, Chippewa, Clark, Dunn, Buffalo, St. Croix, Douglas and La Pointe, who are opposed to the Nebraska iniquity, and in favor of the principles announced in the "Republican Platform" adopted at Madison July 18th, are invited to meet in their respective assembly districts and select two delegates from each to represent them in a congressional convention to be held at Mineral Point on Wednesday, the 13th of September, at 12 o'clock P. M., to nominate a candidate to be supported at the approaching election. By order of the state central committee, WM. A. WHITE, Chairman.

Madison, August 14.

Assembly District Conventions—Rock County.

The electors of Rock county who are opposed to the Nebraska iniquity and in favor of the principles announced in the Republican platform adopted at Madison July 13th, are requested to meet in MASS. CONVENTION at the places designated below in their respective assembly districts, on Tuesday, 5th of September next, at 2 o'clock P. M., and select two delegates from each assembly district to represent them in the Congressional Convention called at Mineral Point on the 13th of September. The Convention for the

Janesville, &c., District is appointed at the Court House in Janesville.

Bellevue, &c., District, at the office of Samuel Hinman Esq. in the new Hotel building, Bellevue.

Porter, &c., District, at Johnson's Hotel, Johnsonville Centre.

Yancona, &c., District, at Chapple's Hotel, Spring Valley, Oregon.

Every elector who desires a true man to represent this District in the National Legislature, should feel an interest in promoting a full attendance at the Mass Conventions and in securing a full representation from his District in the Congressional Convention.

L. F. HARVEY, J. H. BODD,
JOHN H. BODD, G. H. WILLISTON,
J. VINCENT, A. HOSKINS,
J. DAWSON, PETER SCHMITZ,
S. G. COLLEY, County Committee.

The calls for the various conventions have crowded upon us so "thick and fast" that we have not been able to call attention to them individually as we should like to have done. But they are none the less important, and we trust our friends will act promptly upon them, when the time arrives. The success of the anti-Nebraska movement in other quarters should not only be held as an encouragement, but as an admonition not to fall below the glorious example set us by others.

THE SARATOGA CONVENTION.—This convention

was attended by delegates from every county in the state, except Columbia, Franklin, Sullivan and Suffolk, numbering about 400. Hon. Wm. T. McCoun, of Queens county, presided. Mr. Greeley was on the committee of resolutions and reported a series, with a long preamble, which, altogether, amounted to a declaration that "all territory of the United States must henceforth be free territory, and all states hereafter must come in as free states." [Received with nine cheers.] The last of the resolutions approved the course pursued by the people of Vermont, Connecticut, Iowa, Ohio, Michigan, Wisconsin, &c., in postponing or disregarding their minor differences and acting together in the cause of freedom, and commended their spirit to the freemen of New York and other states.

A resolution, to nominate a state ticket was laid on the table, and the convention adjourned to meet again on the 28th of September at Auburn, to make nominations.

The most remarkable case of conscience of modern times is that of Gerrit Smith, who, it is stated in settling with the sovereign Father, was entitled to about \$500 legal mileage, but only took about \$90, being eight dollars a day while coming and going, and actual traveling expenses.

RECONSIDERED.—The Cincinnati bankers have decided to receive the notes of the Indiana free banks of the denomination of \$5 and upwards, for the present.

The Madison Journal has the following in reference to candidates for congress, in this district:

CONGRESSIONAL CANDIDATES.—It is about time for the republicans to be casting about for a proper man to support for congress at the coming campaign. We have heard no one suggested as yet, in this district. We are happily not overwhelmed with candidates, as is the case with the "democracy." Our party is not composed of office-seekers; it is made up of men who have ability and independence enough to maintain themselves without office. We do not know of a single man in the whole district who is fighting for the nomination. We must however endeavor to select a man in every way reliable, and one who has the ability to attend to the interests of his constituents as they should be. It would therefore be well for papers in the district to express their opinions and to point out the proper man. We find the following paragraph in the Janesville Gazette, respecting the re-election of Mr. Washburne of Illinois:

"We hope and believe that Mr. Washburne will be re-elected, and whether the voters of his district label him 'whig,' or something else, is not very essential, so long as they get the man. The Washburne family is good stock to select from."

This Mr. Washburne has also a brother in congress—Mr. Washburne of Maine. Both have made excellent members; both have been true as steel to the great principles of human liberty and true republicanism. The republicans of Illinois and of Maine are in favor of their re-election, and this reminds us that a third brother resides at Mineral Point in this district. He is quite an old resident of the state, is an active, intelligent, straight-forward business man, pretty well known in the district, and we presume would make as good a member of congress as his brothers. We concur with the Gazette that the "stock" is a good one to select from.

Harlow S. Orton, of this place is another gentleman well qualified for the station, and possesses, in addition to excellent practical business talent, qualifications for public speaking and debate not surpassed by any gentleman in the state.

Orsamus Cole, of Grant, is another gentleman whose qualifications strongly recommend him to the consideration of the people. He has been tried and not found wanting. If he would accept the nomination, we could rely upon being well represented in the next congress.

There are a number of other excellent men in the district, for whose election we would gladly labor; and we wish to hear some expression from our contemporaries, as to who is the best man to unite the anti-Nebraska sentiment of the district, and call out the entire vote of the republican party.

The Milwaukee News says the worst aspect of the late "abolition" triumph in Iowa is that it will probably prevent the return of the Hon. A. C. Dodge to the senate. It is strange what peculiar tastes some men have. We don't believe the News could find one in a thousand to agree with it in this statement. On the contrary, most people look upon that as the very best part of the triumph. The public have long ago voted Augustus Caesar Dodge a nuisance in the senate, and the people of Iowa have determined to act in accordance with this prevailing sentiment.

The Prairie du Chien Courier, an independent paper, but strongly inclined to favor the democratic side of politics when there is any possible chance of doing so, makes, the following plain, common sense remarks about the veto of the river and harbor appropriation bill. It speaks the sentiments probably of nine tenths of all the democrats in the west, but still, with a strange and unaccountable inconsistency, they will persist in aiding to place men in power who they know will enact the same thing over again. How long will it be before men will begin to act as they talk and think?

THE VETO.—On the fourth inst. the president returned to the "house of representatives in which it originated," the river and harbor appropriation bill with his veto message. He intimates that the bill came in too near the end of the session to allow him to prepare an argument on the subject such as he could produce if he had leisure. We are glad it was so. It is bad enough to deny the people the use of their own money for necessary and highly important public improvements, without overwhelming them with half an acre of contemptible twaddle, such as now-a-days comes from the white house, in the shape of constitutional arguments. How happens it that congress never understands the subject as the president does? Why will the house of representatives pass a bill every year, which the chief magistrate cannot sign? And why is it that that unfortunate bill is invariably the only one the people care a fig about? Congress will not do anything of real public utility except the passage of annual appropriations for the improvement of our rivers and harbors, and the president will not let them do that. So, between them we get no legislation at all worth having. Mr. Pierce's pretence that he was compelled to withhold his assent from the bill because it contained provisions for local improvements is sheer nonsense. Every improvement has to some extent a merely local value, and every improvement is to some extent a general benefit, and it would not be asking too much of the president, to insist that he should permit the members of congress coming as they do from all parts of the country to know what works are of sufficient general utility to justify the assistance of government. Can't we have a congress that knows as much as the president, and a president that knows something?

The salaries in the departments at Washington, with the mileage and per diem of members, amounts to \$1,845,688. \$1,800,000 are set down for the pay, mileage and other contingent expenses of the two houses—or \$400,000 per member, besides \$80,000 for printing for part of the last session; and over \$20,000 more for books voted and distributed to members of congress. There are thousands more for reporting the debates in the Washington papers. The judicial expenses of the government run well on to a million of dollars.

LOW NECKED DRESSING.—It is said, when the Turkish officer Amin Bey, during his last visit to this country, attended some fashionable parties at Washington, he remarked that, on going into our society, he expected to see "as many" of American ladies, but not "as much."

NEW HOTEL IN NEW YORK.—Notwithstanding the unfavorable time with hotel keepers, we see it stated that the upper part of the building now being erected by Dr. Brandreth on Broadway, Canal and Lispenard sts., has been arranged for a hotel, on the European plan, and has been leased to Mr. W. A. Radford. The rent of this building—stores, hotel, &c., will amount to about \$40,000.

FROM THE EMIGRATING PARTY.—KANSAS, JULY 29th.—"I am happy to inform my friends and your readers generally, that the pioneer party of the Massachusetts emigrant aid company arrived here safe last night, being six traveling days from Boston, and five from Rochester. This may be set down as the actual time between our city and Kansas. All of the party are really healthy, not a case of sickness occurred during the trip. What a refuge might be written concerning our noble boat and its mixed cargo! We had four Potawatamies going to the Kickapoo Indians, from Milwaukee. We had six slaves with their masters going to work in Lexington, Missouri. Some of them appear happy in their midnight ignorance. The master of one said he paid \$1400 for him. One poor fellow has left a wife and five children in Kentucky, but his master was compelled to sell him to save himself from ruin. We had many slave-owners on board, some of whom talked loud about tar and feathers on our arrival. Flour is \$3.75 per cent, butter 12 1-2 cts. per lb., beef 5c., wood \$2.50 per cord, &c. I never expected to see such corn. No rain has fallen for fifty days, which is very uncommon, but the black soil is many feet deep.

Those thinking of coming had better keep cool this hot weather, and make preparations to meet some difficulties and receive in return 180 acres of excellent land. I shall keep you posted as we proceed.

But here we are in this city. We called together "the multi-making crew," as we were called, loaded our rifles, and appointed our men to give the word in case any emergency occurred demanding their use. In answer to inquiries, we told the slave-owners that we meant to be prepared in case we fell in with a flock of wild geese or other game. While on the boat one man boasted that word had been sent out to give us such a warm reception as would prevent any more "thieves and paupers" from coming on from the east.

This morning we are making preparations for traveling 35 miles to the Wabash river, territory, which our agents say is the best land on this side the globe, and they doubt whether the other side can produce any half as good.

I would say to the reader of this, that on coming up the Missouri I saw splendid land, but never did I see anything like the land here. It costs a man not less than \$40 or \$50 to come here and return.—Cor. Rochester Democrat.

THE PHASES OF LIFE.—The Baltimore American says that on Friday morning a lady appeared at the mayor's office in Baltimore, and asked aid to bury the remains of a cousin's husband, who had just died after a disease of ten years' standing.

The wife, who for a long time had supported the family by the labor of her hands, had been obliged of late to relinquish her work, for the purpose of ministering at the bedside of her husband. On the previous week she had sold the last bed, that on which he reposed, to procure a small amount of food to sustain life. She had become indebted to the amount of eleven dollars for house rent, and on the day before (Thursday) her landlord had seized and sold the remainder of her property—which realized the sum of two dollars. Entirely destitute of food and furniture, the family remained in the house, and the father died without even a pillow on which to repose his head.

The unfortunate widow, thus destitute and starving, was a niece of the late John McDough, the New Orleans millionaire. She is left to struggle through the world in abject poverty, while his ample estate is given to already rich and independent corporations. The lady who appeared at the mayor's office in behalf of her husband, was also a niece of Mr. McDough, and was too poor to render any assistance to the suffering one. Her recital touched the kindly feelings of those present, and in a few moments a sufficient amount of money was contributed to bury the dead.

RULES FOR REDUCING ACRES TO SQUARE MILES.—Cut off three figures from the right and increase the remainder by fifty six and a quarter per cent; thus, 16,000 square acres.—Cut off, three, the remainder is 16. Add 56 and a quarter per cent, the sum is 24. Again add 1, which is one sixteenth, or six and a quarter per cent, the sum is 25 (square miles).—Proof: 25x640=16,000.

This rule is very convenient for reading congressional and other talk about acres of large amount, when one wishes merely an approximation to the more intelligible denomination of square miles. For this purpose the six and a quarter per cent may be omitted. Thus Mr. Gwin, in Congress, proposes to give the Pacific railroad company alternate sections of land amounting to 40,000,000 square acres. Most newspaper readers have no practical comprehension of that surface thus expressed. But to 40,000 add 25,000 making 65,000 square miles, and every school-boy knows it is a surface just about as large as the state of Georgia, or Missouri, or Illinois. If he is very particular he may stop reading the article and cypher out the sixteen, which in the case supposed is 2500 square miles.—Boston Tran.

JUSTIFYING THE VETO OF THE RIVER AND HARBOR BILL.—The Schoeygan Journal and the News of this city, approve of the president's veto of the river and harbor bill, and think that, in so doing, he was carrying out democratic principles. Why didn't they advocate such doctrine two years ago, when Pierce was running for the presidency? It would not do then. To have come out openly and candidly, and published Gen. Pierce's position in regard to river and harbor improvements, would have defeated him overwhelmingly in all the western states. We are glad to perceive that but very few, even of the democratic journals of the west, have the brazen impudence and hardihood to attempt to justify the conduct of president Pierce in vetoing the river and harbor bill. A few anti-slavery sheets, of the rankest and most rabid character, which have sworn to sustain every act of the present administration, no matter how base and treacherous to the best interest of the nation, will, of course, seek to delude the people into the belief that the veto was all right, that the president is a firm friend of western interests, and that he withheld his signature from the harbor bill because he had conscientious scruples as to its constitutionality; but they will find it uphill business.—Free Democrat.

The Hartford Times, the leading democratic paper in Conn., and the only one of the least importance, that has not been brought up by the administration, says that the administration "did not justify the entire destruction of the town, (of San Juan,) involving many innocent persons in losses and inconvenience. The cause was not aggravated enough for the punishment."

A PRACTICAL KNOW-NOTHING.—The western country is such an unknown land to the stay-at-home downy easter, that his inquiries evince practical know-nothingness. One of the editors of the Baraboo Standard, now in the state of Maine, writes:

Coming from Wisconsin, I am frequently interrogated in regard to its soil, its climate—and what kind of people or society we have?—and I have been asked the question, by a "know-nothing," if the Indians troubled us much?

CHARLES DICKENS.—The Boston Daily Advertiser thus contradicts a report respecting Chas. Dickens, which has been in circulation here.—The Advertiser's correspondent is supposed to be Prof. Felton, of Harvard University:

"It is a matter of delicacy to touch upon the private affairs of gentlemen. But I will venture to say a word or two with regard to the case of Mr. Dickens, whose domestic life has been so ruthlessly invaded by this slanderer. Ever since the commencement of the Pickwick papers, Mr. Dickens has received a large income, and that income has been generously but not extravagantly devoted, so far as was necessary, to the comfort and happiness of those dependent on him. The noble manner in which he has discharged his duties, and more than his duties, towards those with whom the relations of life have closely bound him, is known to all who know him and them; and the affectionate admiration with which he is regarded by the circle of relatives and friends by whom he is surrounded, should forever silence the tongue of slander. Mr. Dickens lives in a style of simple elegance, without the slightest extravagance, and far within his means." His industry is scarcely equalled by any man in England; and the popularity and circulation of his works quite surpass any thing known in modern times, except Mrs. Stowe's Uncle Tom. He receives his friends with great hospitality, but without ostentation. He enjoys life in a rational manner, running into none of the excesses of fashion or parade which might tempt a weaker man placed in his circumstances, in a great city like London. I have reason to believe that the profits of the new and revised edition of his works, which has an enormous sale, are wholly untouched by his expenses. If so, then few literary men are so well off in their pecuniary circumstances as Charles Dickens."

THE JEDOSHIP.—The Patriot publishes a call, numerous signed—the country having been industriously scoured for several weeks past to obtain signers—asking Thos. Hood, Esq., to become a candidate for judge of this circuit. Mr. Hood accepts the call, and significantly adds that if elected he shall endeavor to render the "administration of justice pleasant for suitors."

The Patriot urges his election on strict party grounds as the candidate of the democracy.—Mr. Hood is a Nebraska democrat we believe, and we have it on good authority that he, with one or two of his associates, recently visited Sauk and attempted to change the politics of the German paper at that place, which strongly opposes the Nebraska outrage, and to step in its noble utterances of freedom. It is also a significant fact that W. N. Seymour, who sustains the Pierce administration and the Kansas-Nebraska act, heads the call. Mr. Hood is a democrat in the party sense of the word. We admit it, and the pro-slavery men would do well to support their candidate.

We do not believe, however, that the low party appeals of the Patriot will prove particularly favorable to its candidate among the intelligent and honest portion of the democracy.—The people of this circuit are not in favor of party candidates.—Madison Journal.

AUSTRALIAN GOLD AND THE DISCOVERY OF A GREAT RIVER.—The prospects of business in Australia appear to be more favorable than in California. The yield of gold is more certain and at present is larger. The London bankers estimate that from \$9,000,000 to \$10,000,000 sterling per annum, or \$48,000,000 in our currency, is the aggregate that may continue to be looked for. The growth of the country in population and trade promises to realize all expectations. The increase from immigration in the single colony of Victoria alone, continues to average 1,000 souls per week, and the agricultural and commercial resources of the entire territory of South Australia, Victoria, and New South Wales, are found to be capable of vast expansion from the channel of traffic opened up by the navigation of the Murray. This river in its course forms a boundary to all the three colonies, and while it connects the whole, gives each of them a common outlet to the sea. Its exploration has been conducted so thoroughly that it is now ascertained to be navigable for steam vessels through a distance of 1,000 miles.

MORTALITY OF THE COUNTY POOR HOUSE IN JULY.—A careful examination of the official record of Dr. Pratt to the board of health, and of the certificates of death from the same source, furnishes us the following catalogue for the month of July:

There died of cholera 27 males and 29 females.

Add Mr. Otis and Mr. Hebbard..... 2

Total deaths from cholera..... 57

..... other diseases..... 9

Total mortality for the month..... 66

Of the 55 deaths by cholera of pauper inmates, 25 were from the insane department, containing 53 inmates.

If we take the number of inmates at 278, as given by the superintendents, we find from the above statement, that one-fifth of the entire population of the institution has died of cholera in a single month. The same ratio of mortality in the city would have swept off 18,000 souls.—Buff. Com. Adv.

SPECIMENS OF GRASS.—Mr. John C. Bishop, of Eden, brought to our office on Saturday last, 16 heads of Timothy grass, grown from one root, the combined length of six of which is 50 inches, and the largest of which is 9 1/2, and the shortest six inches. They will grow on marsh land, ditched and seeded upon the sod, without dragging or plowing—seed sown upon the snow. The ground is but partially seeded, scattered thinly among the wild grass. This ground gives abundant evidences that heavy crops of Timothy can be grown upon our wild marsh land, without the expense of breaking the old sod, if properly ditched.—Fond du Lac Union.

A single lady recently died at St. Malo, France, who was worth four millions of francs, leaving twenty-two wills, all of which it was necessary for the judicial authorities to examine. A married woman cannot make a will—a single one can—and this lady seemed determined to enjoy the privilege to the utmost.

A good story is told of a Michigan man who recently went into Indiana to buy a drove of horses. He was longer than he intended to be absent, and failed to meet a business engagement. On being rather reproached for not being at home, he made due apology. "I tell you now it is square, at every little darned town they wanted me to stop and be president of a bank."

THE MARKETS.

JANESVILLE, TUESDAY EVENING, AUG. 22.

Flour, 5.00x5.50; Wheat, winter, 1.25x1.30; Club, 1.15x1.25; common spring, 1.00x1.15; Corn, 45x48; Rye, 60x65; Barley, 40x45; Oats, 24x25.

MILWAUKEE, TUESDAY MORNING, AUG. 22.—Wheat, winter, 1.80x1.90; Club, 1.20x1.30; common spring, 1.00x1.15; Rye, 78x80; Oats, 30x31; Barley, 50x60; Corn, in the ear, 45x50; shelled, 30x35.

CHICAGO, MONDAY EVENING, AUG. 21.—Flour 7.25x7.75; Wheat, winter, 1.80; spring 25x30; Corn, 52x50; Oats, 27x33; Rye, 60x65.

AGRICULTURAL NOTICE.

The regular quarterly meeting of the Rock County Agricultural Society and Mechanic's Institute, will be held at the Apollo Hall, in the city of Janesville, on Monday the fourth day of September next, at ten o'clock A. M. Essays by J. A. Fletcher, Esq. of Johnsonville.

C. R. GIBBS, Secretary.

County papers please copy.

Aug. 16th, 1854.

TRUSDELL, JORDAN & BENNETT,

Attorneys at Law

Having completed an accurate abstract of the TITLE, TAX and JUDGMENT RECORDS of Rock County, are prepared to furnish full and reliable information respecting the ownership of Real Estate in said county, and all liens on such estate by Judgment, Mortgage or otherwise.

They will attend to the purchase and sale of Real Estate, the negotiation of Loans, payment of Taxes, and the redemption of land from Tax Sales, and generally to all such business as properly belongs to a

REAL ESTATE OFFICE.

Business in the courts of this area the adjoining counties will be promptly attended to.

Office—Second Street, of Empire Block.

39 Janesville, Wis., May 23rd, 1851.

J. F. PEASE

Will commence his next term of

Instruction upon the Piano Forte, and in Vocal Music on Tuesday Sept. 15th. Pupils under his tuition will be assured that no pains will be spared to secure their rapid and thorough advancement in the art.

Good boarding places will be provided for pupils, from abroad. Opportunity for practice upon good Pianos, for those who wish. Apply at Pease's Music Rooms.

Janesville, Aug. 20, 1854.

Notice.

THE undersigned having closed up

the affairs of their late firm, are now engaged as the wholesale and retail agents for the following houses, manufacturing Organs, Melodions and Seraphines.

Charles Austin, Lisbon & Dearborn.

Mason & Hamlin, Warren & Co.

Inguale & Crocker, Prescott & Bro's.

Any instrument made by the above firms we will furnish at the manufacturing price and fully warrant. If it does not prove good, it can be exchanged without cost. Terms cash or approved notes on three or four months.

JOHN F. PEASE & CO., Janesville, Wis.

Boston, Aug. 15, 1854. au22-2w3d4w

Something New!!

MR. CHARLES AUSTIN, the cele-

brated Reed maker has just completed his new Organ Room upon which he has labored for the last five years and expended more than \$20,000.

This Reed is different from all others in its construction, being much larger and having more power. It is intended for Church and Parlor Organs as manufactured by Messrs. Austin & Co. These Organs have an upright (Organ) action and are of the shape of all Church Organs. The price will range from \$175 to \$300, depending upon the finish of the case. To church or private use, it is the most valuable and durable instrument they have ever made, and no common Organ costing \$500.

Pease & Co., Janesville Wis., are interested in the manufacture and sale of these instruments, and are the only persons through whom they can be had. They will have one or more for exhibition as early as Sept. 10, and after that a good assortment as soon as they can be manufactured.

JOHN F. PEASE & CO., Janesville, Wis.

CHAS. AUSTIN, Concord, N. H. au22-2w3d4w

THE ALGERINE CHILDREN

AND FAMOUS

ALGERINE TROUPE,

Will give their grand Drawing

Room Levees in this city on Tuesday Evening August 22nd. Doors open at 7 1/2; performance to commence at 8 1/2 precisely.

Tickets 25 cents, no half price.

McCormick's Cholera Specific.

THE GREAT DEMAND for this

celebrated medicine, a sure cure for

CHOLERA AND CHOLERA MORBUS,

has induced the subscribers to get extensively into its manufacture and get up an entire new label and directions, to prevent counterfeits.

This article has been extensively used in the interior of the state during the last three years, and the best of the results during that time, is its efficiency in curing the disease for which it is recommended. Remember that it is prepared only by the subscribers, sole proprietors of the original recipe.

HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.,

Aug. 18, 1854.

TUBE PAINTS, Pallet Boards, Brush-

es &c., a full assortment for artists' use, kept constantly on hand, at

FARWELL & BRO'S.

au20

RUSHTON & CLARK'S COD LIV-

ER OIL, warranted pure, and from fresh Liv-

ers just received at

FARWELL & BRO'S.

au20

MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT.

one gross 25 ct. 50 ct. and \$1.00 bottles just re-

ceived and for sale by

FARWELL & BRO.

MURRY'S FLUID MAGNESIA,

a mild, safe and elegant anti-acid aperient,

possessing all the properties of the magnesia in general use, and effectually cures heart-burn without injuring the stomach.

It prevents the food of infants turning sour, and in all cases where the bowels are peculiarly adapted for females. For sale by

aug21

FARWELL & BRO.

SHAKER'S EXTRACT VALERIAN.

highly beneficial for all nervous debility, sick head

ache, etc.—Gross for sale at

FARWELL & BRO'S.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS AND OINT-

S. C. SPAULDING,
PROPRIETOR OF THE
JEWELRY AND VARIETY STORE,
HAS JUST RECEIVED A Large and Beautiful
assortment of New Styles of
Fall and Winter Goods,
Which in addition to his former Stock, makes his supply
of most of the season's goods, the most complete of any in
the West. Among which may be found
Fine English Lever Gold Watches,
Also a variety of ANCHORS and LEVER, Hunting
and Open Face, Ladies' English Lever, Anchor and
Ladies' SILVER WATCHES.

HIS STOCK OF JEWELRY
Comprises the most beautiful and fashionable articles
manufactured, among which may be found a splendid
assortment of New Style
Ladies' Brooches, Bracelets, Ear Drops and Rings,
Finger Rings, Gold Chains, Gold and Silver Spectacles,
Fob, Guard and Vest Chains,
Fob and Belt Buckles, Chains, Keys,
Watch Hooks, Lockets,
Sleeve Buttons, Shoe Slides, Toothpicks,
Gents' Cravats and Bow Ties, &c. &c.

SILVER WARE,
Consisting of Plain and Threaded Teapots, Table Spoons,
Table Forks, Butter Knives, Fruit Knives,
Sugar Ladles and Shovels,
Salt and Mustard Spoons, Tobacco Boxes,
all warranted to be of quality equal to American Gold
HIS STOCK OF PLATED GOODS
Consists of Cutlery, Cake Baskets, Card Receivers,
Sugar Dishes, Candlesticks,
Tea, Table, Dessert, Salt and Mustard Spoons,
Tea, Table, Dining and Dessert Forks,
Butter Knives, &c. &c.

A lot of FINE BRITANNIA TEA POTTS New Style.
A Good Assortment of GERMAN SILVER GOODS.
CHINA TEA SETS, Mugs, Cups and Saucers,
China Plates, China Bowls, China Tea Sets,
China Dishes and Figures.

Cutlery.
A lot of Fine Table Cutlery, Pocket Knives, Scissors,
Shears, Razors, &c. &c.

**Port Monnoies, Accordions, Flutes, Toy
Books, Song Books, Note Paper,
Envelopes, Novels.**

Toys! Toys! Toys!!!
Every Child should have some.

CLOCKS.
Time pieces, ornamental and plain, warranted to keep
Good Time.
LOOKING GLASSES, Glass Vases, Bird Fountains, Statu-
ary, India Rubber Rattles, Balls, Babies' Toys, &c.

WATCHES Cleaned and Repaired to suit cus-
tomers.
CASH Paid for California Gold and Silver.

S. C. SPAULDING.

ARRIVAL!

AT THE HAT, CAP AND FUR EMPORIUM
ON WEST SIDE THE RIVER.

The Largest Stock ever brought to this Market.
CONSISTING OF FINE MOLESKIN, SILK,
BLACK & DRAB, FUR WOOL, PANAMA, LEG-
ORN, STRAW, PALM-LEAF HATS, of all the latest
fashions in the Market.

CAPS—Everything desirable, too numerous to
mention.

LADIES' HIDING HATS, a beautiful article.
Also a full assortment of Gents' Findings, comprising
SHIRTS, COLLARS, SUSPENDER BRACES, STOCKS,
HOSIERY, GLOVES, &c. &c.

all of which have been bought directly of the importer,
and manufactured by a resident agent in New York,
and will be sold at prices that defy competition.

Call and See,
At the Sign of the BIG HAT before purchasing else-
where.
Hats made to order; Repairing attended to.
JNO. R. BEALE.

Sky-Light Daguerreotypes.
GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICE.
75 Cents to \$5.00.

MR. J. E. POWERS, lately from Troy, (N. Y.)
respectfully informs the Ladies and Gentlemen of
this place and vicinity that he has removed to
JANESVILLE, and has taken rooms over EBLE'S
JEWELRY STORE, where he is prepared to take

Daguerreotype Licenses.
Either single or in groups, not to be surpassed in Wis-
consin. Miniatures taken in as good style as the Art
can produce, having all the improved chemicals of the
latest date, and with the advantage of a superior
light, enable him to give a clear, bold and life-like pic-
ture.

Miniatures taken in all weathers equally well, and
warranted not to fade in the least, from 75 cents to \$1.
Pictures taken over for 50 cents.

Locket and fancy cases of all styles furnished to or-
der, and also miniatures in Pin and Brooches.
Miniatures of sick or diseased persons taken at their
residence if required.

Pictures of Children of any age correctly taken at
very low rates.
The Room will be open from 10 A. M. to 5 P. M., and
includes all those who wish to see GOOD Pictures, to
be taken at 50 cents.

Call and Examine his Specimens,
whether they wish Licenses or not.
Among these specimens are Miniatures of Henry
Clay; John P. Hale, Jenny Lind and General Tom
Thumb.

Instructions given in the art on reasonable terms.
JANESVILLE, Dec. 1, 1852.

TO BUILDERS.
Materials Furnished.

THE SUBSCRIBER is now prepared to fur-
nish BUILDING MATERIALS in any quantity, and
CHAPER can be sold any where else in this vicin-
ity. Working with the best Quarries in the State,
and possessing superior facilities for getting
Out and Dressing Stone, manufacturing himself Quick
Lime and having put in perfect operation his Mill
for the manufacture of Water Lime, he can offer super-
ior materials to builders for the purchase of these
articles.

Water Lime,
Has been fully tested, and found to be of an excellent
quality, and he is now prepared to WARRANT it in all
cases, and offer it at a price making it an object to buy
in furnishing.

Building Stone,
Is likewise being quarried in advance of all competi-
tors. He can furnish them in the rough, or dressed, in
any quantity, or of any size, and cheaper than can be
found elsewhere.

Quick Lime,
Always on hand, and orders can be filled at all times,
and at any price.

The subscriber has now invested a large amount of
Capital in his operations, and has spared no expense
in perfecting his works, and will give careful attention
to the preparation of his materials. His location and the
convenience of his office, and the superior character of his
materials, induces him to believe that he can give satisfac-
tion to all who call upon him.

SHEET MUSIC!
NEW SUPPLY.

A NEW supply of Sheet Music, Viol-
lin and Guitar Strings, Instruction Books with a
general assortment of Vocal Music Books, just received
and for sale at
SUTHERLAND'S Bookstore.

All the valuable new music received immediately
after its publication at SUTHERLAND'S.
JANESVILLE, Aug. 6, 1854.

PLOWS—Grand de Tour cast and
New Steel for sale at manufacturer's price, by
J. M. SMITH.
Land Contracts for sale at this office.

Philadelphia Drug Store.
WEST SIDE THE RIVER.

Ogilvie & Barrows
RESPECTFULLY give notice to their friends
and the public, that they have now in Store a large
and complete assortment of Goods, including the most
valuable of the season, which they offer at unusually low
prices, and at the most satisfactory terms to cash purchasers.

TO PHYSICIANS.
They respectfully commit their stock of
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRUGS,
as being about the fullest and most complete in the in-
terior of the State, and comprising many Medicinal
Agents recently introduced to the notice of the Faculty.
The attention bestowed upon this important branch of their
trade will, it is thought, be apparent at once, and they
accordingly invite an examination by the Profession, pre-
serving that while they offer PURE AND UNADUL-
TERATED ARTICLES, the Prices shall be at the Low-
est possible rate.

TO Surgeons and Dentists.
The subscribers have just received from the New York
Surgical Instrument Manufactory a supply of their
Celebrated Instruments, to which they ask the attention
of Physicians and Surgeons, which they offer at Manu-
facturers' Prices, adding freight and insurance.

Ogilvie & Barrows.
West side the River.

TO DAGUERREAN ARTISTS.
THE SUBSCRIBERS respectfully call the at-
tention of Daguerreotypists, and others interested,
to their stock of

Artists' Materials, Chemicals, &c.
which comprises all the articles used in the Photo-
graphic Art, including the most BEAUTIFUL MINI-
ATURE CASES AND LOCKETS, in all styles to be found
in the country, all of which they offer at the very low-
est prices, and guarantee satisfaction to every purchaser.

Ogilvie & Barrows.
JANESVILLE, June 24, 1854.

BEESEWAX for sale at
PHILADELPHIA DRUG STORE.

**A LARGE Assortment of FANCY HAIR
BRUSHES AND COMBS** at
PHILADELPHIA DRUG STORE.

WINDOW GLASS—French and American
WINDOW GLASS, from 1/2 to 24/24—A full sup-
ply for sale by
Ogilvie & Barrows.

BLUE of a Superior Quality for sale at
PHILADELPHIA DRUG STORE.

PERFUMERY—The undersigned have just
received a Large Assortment of LUBIN'S and HAK-
RISON'S CELEBRATED PERFUMERY, which they offer
to dealers at a small advance on cost.

Ogilvie & Barrows,
Philadelphia Drug Store.

YAYEY'S

CHERRY PECTORAL:
For the Cure of
**COUGHS, COLDS,
HOARSENESS, BRON-
CHITIS, CROUP, ASTH-
MA, WHOOPING COUGH
AND CONSUMPTION.**

THE SUBSCRIBERS not being regular agents
for the sale of the above named Medicine, offer it
to the public at the rate of SEVEN SHILLINGS A BOT-
TLE, which is the wholesale price, pledging themselves
to sell the genuine article at no other price.

Also, AYRES' CELEBRATED PILLS, for sale at the
Philadelphia Drug Store.
Ogilvie & Barrows.

To Builders and Painters.
A FULL SUPPLY of
THOMPSON'S PURE LEAD,
French and American Zinc,
Silver's Plastic Paint,
Lined Oil, boiled and raw, Turpentine,
Paint Brushes, all kinds,
Patent Dryer, English, &c. &c.

Always on hand and for sale at the lowest prices, at
PHILADELPHIA DRUG STORE.

500 GALLONS LINSEED OIL
Just received and for sale by the Barrel or
Gallon, at the Philadelphia Drug Store,
Ogilvie & Barrows.

A New Store in Janesville!

THE EMPORIUM OF FASHION
AND
Gentlemen's Furnishing Store

J. KENTON is now receiving a New Stock of
Goods from New York, which he will sell at ex-
tremely LOW PRICES, consisting in part as follows:

CLOTHING of all kinds, Shirts, Collars,
Cravats, Scarfs, Stocks,
Kid and Linen Vests,
a full assortment of
Kid, Silk and Linen TIE and GLOVES,
Suspenders, Belts, &c. &c.

I would also call particular attention to my Stock of
Hats & Caps.

Moleskin, Drab, Beaver, Wool, Panama, Leghorn, Palm-
leaf & Martinebo Hats, Children's Fancy Hats and Caps,
and in fact, everything in that branch, of the latest
Style will be found at the EMPORIUM.

Boots & Shoes,
in any quantity, which I purchased from the Manu-
facturers, and can afford to sell them MUCH LOWER
than the usual price.

And now, One Word to the Ladies.
I have a nice assortment of
Ladies' Congress Gaiters, do Tan colored do
do Slippers, do Satin Gaiters, do do
do Knicker, Jenny Lind Misses' Tan & Sewed Boots,
do Boots, do Colored Gaiters, do do
do Morocco Buckles, do Morocco do
do Elastic Gaiters, do Children's Shoes,
do do, all of which will be sold CHEAPER
FOR CASH than at any other store in Janesville.

Please to call and examine (directly opposite to C. C.
Sutler's Jewelry Store) once, if you do not wish to
buy.

N. B.—Mr. F.W. who will be found in the Clothing
Department, feels confident, from his long experience
in the art of CUTTING, that he can suit the most fas-
hionable.

Cutting done and garments made to order—NO FIT
NO PAY.

METALLIC BURIAL CASES—The
Subscriber is agent for the sale of these cases, and
is prepared to furnish them at all times, at his Cabinet
Ware Room on Main street.

J. P. MORSE.
JANESVILLE, July 10th, 1854.

The Spring & Summer Campaign of 1854
IS NOW OPEN.
A NEW WAR AGAINST HIGH PRICES OF MER-
CHANDISE HAS JUST BROKE OUT AT
THE LITTLE REGULATOR OF
The Dry Goods Trade.
IMMENSE DAILY ARRIVALS!
Cash System Triumphant!
GOODS CHEAPER THAN EVER BEFORE KNOWN.

JACKMAN, PARKER & CO. Are
now receiving at their Store, corner of Main and
Milwaukee streets, the most extensive assortment of
Merchandise ever before received in any establishment in
the State, consisting in part of the very general as-
sortment of
TAPES, LINEN, DRY GOODS, READY-MADE
CLOTHING, HATS, AND CAPS, BONNETS,
FANCY ARTICLES, AND EVERYTHING IN THE
DRESS AND FASHIONABLE LINE, DRY-
GOODS, FRUIT, SALT, WATER LIME,
LARD, OILS, &c. &c.

DRY GOODS
Department, our stock is at present the largest, richest
and most fashionable ever offered in this city. Among
our LARGEST STOCKS may be found, the most
magnificent stock of Plain, Fancy and Watered Silks;
of the most beautiful and valuable of the season;
over offered for sale in Janesville.

The attention of the Ladies is particularly directed
to our very extensive assortment of
PLAIN BLACK SILKS.

We have some better Goods than can be found at
any other store in the city, and at prices as low as
you will have to pay in any other establishment.
Among our LARGEST STOCKS may be found, the most
magnificent stock of Plain, Fancy and Watered Silks;
of the most beautiful and valuable of the season;
over offered for sale in Janesville.

Among our stock of low priced Dress Goods may be
found
3,000 yds. Fine French Laines at 5/4 sold at other
stores at 1/2 per yard.

4,000 do. do. sold at other stores at 1/2, per yard.
4,000 do. do. sold at other stores at 1/2, per yard.
2,000 do. do. sold at other stores at 1/2, per yard.
10,000 do. do. sold at other stores at 1/2, per yard.

SHAWLS!
In this department we have a very extensive as-
sortment of White Crapes, Square and long, Plain and
Figured, Cashmere, Black and Colored Silk, Barege, and
everything in the Shawl line from the lowest price to
the best article in the market.

EMBROIDERY GOODS.
We probably have a better assortment of these Goods
than all the rest of the stores in Janesville put together,
consisting of Flowing Sleeves, Habits, Chemises, Col-
lars &c. of the most fashionable goods in market, which
will be sold at the lowest prices, and at the most satis-
factory terms to cash purchasers.

PARASOLS.
We have now on sale 10,000 Parasols. Our immense
stock in these goods compels us to say that we will un-
der sell any establishment in this City, at least 25 per-
cent.

4000 Yards
Fine, Fast Colored French Glacé this day re-
ceived, and we are selling at 1/2 per yard. They cannot
be matched in town less than 5/4. Call soon, as they
will be sold to save 50 per cent in Glacé, as they are go-
ing fast.

BONNET AND BONNET RIBBONS,
Cheaper than the Cheapest.

READY-MADE CLOTHING.
Our Clothing Room is well stocked with the best
and most fashionable clothing in the market.
We have a large stock of the latest styles of
clothing in stock, and we will keep up the re-
putation we have already gained, of underselling any
of our neighbors. Among our stock may be found 1,000
Linen Coats, warranted linen, at 75 cents each.

BOOTS AND SHOES.
We have now in store over 20,000 pairs of BOOTS
AND SHOES, of all descriptions, which the people
of Janesville and vicinity will find it to their ad-
vantage to examine, and we will sell them at the
lowest prices, and at the most satisfactory terms to cash
purchasers.

CROCKERY AND GLASS WARE.
In these goods we have a very extensive stock of the
best ware in the market. Persons wanting full sets of
crockery, will do well to give us a call, as they will
save at least 25 per cent, and receive the very best of ware.

GROCERIES.
As usual our stock of these goods is very large and
complete, and we will sell them at the lowest prices.
We have a large stock of the best quality of
more chests of that splendid YOUNG HENSON
TEA, that we have been selling so much of. Good Pa-
sar for 4/4.

In conclusion, we would say that we find the Cash
System to be the only one that will win. We buy our goods
wholly for cash, and shall sell them for the same, and
no other way; and consequently those that buy and
sell on a credit of a year, eighteen months or two years,
are at a disadvantage, and we will sell them at a price
that will show the advantage of the cash system.

Remember the Store, corner Main & Milwaukee streets.
J. JACKMAN, J. PARKER, & CO.
JANESVILLE, June 5th, 1854.

EMPIRE CASH STORE!
The Cheapest Store in the County.

THE LARGEST, Most General and
Best Selected Stock of MERCHANDISE ever in-
troduced to the people of Rock and the adjoining coun-
ties, is now on hand at the
EMPIRE CASH STORE.
A Stock larger than any two stores in Janesville to be
sold for CASH, at prices that all can see are at least
25 per cent lower than the PRETENDED CASH STORES
SELL FOR.

FOR THE
Least amount of Money
Then and there, and for the reason we
sell more Goods than any two stores in Janesville, and
this year we intend to sell more than any three, conse-
quently, we can sell just one-third cheaper, as our ex-
penses are no more by selling so much than they would
be if we sold only one-third as much.

A New Store in Janesville!
THE EMPORIUM OF FASHION
AND
Gentlemen's Furnishing Store

J. KENTON is now receiving a New Stock of
Goods from New York, which he will sell at ex-
tremely LOW PRICES, consisting in part as follows:

CLOTHING of all kinds, Shirts, Collars,
Cravats, Scarfs, Stocks,
Kid and Linen Vests,
a full assortment of
Kid, Silk and Linen TIE and GLOVES,
Suspenders, Belts, &c. &c.

I would also call particular attention to my Stock of
Hats & Caps.

Moleskin, Drab, Beaver, Wool, Panama, Leghorn, Palm-
leaf & Martinebo Hats, Children's Fancy Hats and Caps,
and in fact, everything in that branch, of the latest
Style will be found at the EMPORIUM.

Boots & Shoes,
in any quantity, which I purchased from the Manu-
facturers, and can afford to sell them MUCH LOWER
than the usual price.

And now, One Word to the Ladies.
I have a nice assortment of
Ladies' Congress Gaiters, do Tan colored do
do Slippers, do Satin Gaiters, do do
do Knicker, Jenny Lind Misses' Tan & Sewed Boots,
do Boots, do Colored Gaiters, do do
do Morocco Buckles, do Morocco do
do Elastic Gaiters, do Children's Shoes,
do do, all of which will be sold CHEAPER
FOR CASH than at any other store in Janesville.

Please to call and examine (directly opposite to C. C.
Sutler's Jewelry Store) once, if you do not wish to
buy.

N. B.—Mr. F.W. who will be found in the Clothing
Department, feels confident, from his long experience
in the art of CUTTING, that he can suit the most fas-
hionable.

Cutting done and garments made to order—NO FIT
NO PAY.

METALLIC BURIAL CASES—The
Subscriber is agent for the sale of these cases, and
is prepared to furnish them at all times, at his Cabinet
Ware Room on Main street.

J. P. MORSE.
JANESVILLE, July 10th, 1854.

1854 SPRING TRADE, 1854
DRUGS, MEDICINES.
PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, &c.
NOW OPEN!
**NEW GOODS RECEIVED, AND THE HEAVIEST
STOCK IN THE INTERIOR.**

FARWELL & BRO.

THE above cut is taken from a daguerreotype
of the front of the NEW AND SPLENDID STORE,
corner of Main and Milwaukee streets, and fitted up in
the most improved style.

TO THE TRADE.
We would offer inducements never before realized by
purchasers. To replenish their stock from us, all we
ask is 10 per cent from eastern prices, adding freight
and insurance. This we can do, as our facilities for
procuring goods are superior to any establishment
west; and having no credit to run up on our sales,
we are enabled to SELL THINGS CHEAPER, AND
WARRANT PURE than any other house.

PRESCRIPTIONS AND FAMILY MEDICINES ac-
curately compounded, all hours, day or night.
FANCY ARTICLES AND HEAVY GOODS at whole-
sale and retail.

**Remember the place, on Milwaukee street, adjoining
Merchants' Hotel.**

LET THEM THAT THIRST FOR CURE.
SODA WATER.
FARWELL & BROTHER have the
planning and bottling of their Self-Generating Soda
fountain now ready and in perfect order for the re-
st of the season, furnishing the richest of syrups and a
cooling beverage.

1000 Dollars Reward,
Will be given to any person—Physician or
otherwise—who will perform a cure as quickly and
permanently, by any means whatever, of any of the
following diseases, as can be done by the use of
PULVERMACH'S
Hydro-Electric Voltaic Chains.

Rheumatism, Nervous Headache,
Painful and Swollen Joints, Palpitation of the Heart,
Sciatica, Neuralgia, Catarrhs of the Bladder,
Paralysis, Female Diseases,
Spinal Disease, Neuritis of the Face,
Deafness, Blindness, Rheumatic Pains of the
Dyspepsia, Indigestion, &c.

NERVOUS DISEASES.
Are almost instantly removed by the simple application
of the Electric Chains, which are constructed so as to
be worn next to the skin, producing a constant current
of uninterrupted Electro-Magnetism, which within the
last few years has been discovered to possess STRONG
AND PERMANENT CURE of nervous diseases.

HISTORY.
Pulvermach's Chains are presented to the public, as
the most scientific and convenient mode of applying this
powerful agent. They have been secured by patent in
France, (where they were invented) England, Germany,
Austria, Belgium, and elsewhere, and are now being
introduced into the United States, and also secured by patent.
They are used in every Hospital in the State of New York,
and highly recommended by professors Valentine Mott,
Sloan, Post, Carpenter, and of that city, who daily
make use of them in their practice.

THE WORLD IS CHALLENGED
to produce as many well authenticated certificates of
cure, not only from intelligent patients, but from scien-
tific physicians, as the author is able to present.

**ASTONISHING, and unaccountable cures, have been made by the
making a Drug Shopper's stomach—a wallowing bottle
after bottle of sickening, disgusting trash, having no
more effect in even relieving, much less curing,
the disease for which they are recommended; than a
Poor Man's Plaster applied to the top of the head, who
has been in curing a fever of worms.**

All these great and remarkable discoveries, by which
every "itch" which is "it" is eradicated from the
earth, and the patient is restored to health, and the
disease is cured, are the result of the scientific knowl-
edge and the knowledge of disease, its proper mode of cure,
its cause, is just as extensive as an Arab's is of the me-
chanics of his tribe, and no intelligent person will deny
the truth of this, and no Physician dare risk his
reputation as an honest man, and declare that nervous
diseases are not more frequently increased in severity
than reduced, by the old antiquated mode of giving medi-
cine into the stomach, and the people will be sensible
and think for themselves, and believe that physi-
cians practice upon their credulity more than they
have any idea of, pay strict attention to temperance in
all things, and by so doing health and happiness will in-
crease, bottled molasses and water be at a discount,
and its famous discoverer be consigned to their legiti-
mate stations.

The Hydro-Electric chains are now for the first time
offered to the people of Nashville, as being a better,
quicker, and safer mode of curing all nervous dis-
eases, than any other method or means hitherto dis-
covered. They can be used by either a grown person or a
child, are always ready to use, and with little care
will last for years.

CAUTION.
Ladies who are sensitive, are requested not to wear
them, for by long use, miscarriage is apt to be pro-
duced.

Chains of Chains, \$3 to \$5, and can be sent by mail
to any part of the country, together with a pamphlet
of 80 pages, containing the modes of use, certificates of
cure, &c.

Agents for Janesville, Wis.
FARWELL & BRO.
HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.

New Tin Shop.
Having secured the services of an experi-
enced workman from the East, and procured an
entire new set of Machinery and Tools, with all modern
improvements, we are prepared to execute all orders
for TIN, COPPER AND SHEET IRON WARE,
in the best manner and at reduced prices. We shall
keep constantly on hand a full assortment of
**Tin Ware, Stove Trimmings, Hollow
Ware, Stove Pipe, &c.,**
to which we invite the attention of purchasers.

**TIN WARE, STOVE TRIMMINGS, HOLLOW
WARE, STOVE PIPE, &c.,**
made to order, and put up with neatness and dispatch.
Shop in the basement.

H. S. SHELTON & CO.
DEEDS and MORTGAGES for sale at this Office.

The Spring & Summer Campaign of 1854
OF 1854 NOW OPEN!

M. C. SMITH & CO.
ARE now receiving at their Store next door to
the Post Office an immense Stock of Merchandise,
Consisting of
FANCY AND READY-MADE GOODS.
Ready Made Clothing,
Bonnets, Hats and Caps,
Gloves and Shoes,
Dress and Fashions, &c. &c.

**And the most General Assortment of ALL KINDS OF
MERCANDISE, and the HEAVIEST STOCK IN THE INTERIOR.**

JANESVILLE LEATHER STORE.
THE SUBSCRIBER is almost daily receiving
additions to his STOCK of
**Leather, Findings, and
Saddlery Hardware,**
from the Eastern Markets.

Those in the LEATHER and SHOE business can now
obtain all the best quality of leather, and the most
complete assortment of Findings, CHIRAP FOR CASH, and
save time, trouble and expense in travelling either to
the Lake or further East.

It appears that some of our friends have had a sud-
den impulse of benevolence, and come over from the
people here and in this vicinity, but doubtless our old
friends will discover what the rats did in the fable, that
there was a rat in the white heap.

Also, received and receiving an extensive assortment of
Boots & Shoes,
which are offered only at Wholesale, at prices SO LOW,
that all who wish to purchase, on examination will not
hesitate to buy.

Location west side of River, on Milwaukee street,
opposite the site of the Stevens House.

Cash Paid for Hides and Skins.
Please to give me a call, and perhaps our city may
not in some respects be second to Milwaukee.

KIER'S ROCK OIL.
FROM A Well 400 feet deep, Near Pittsburgh,
Pa., is offered to the public as a Natural Medicine
of no common value. It is a fluid used from the old
times, and is a natural medicine, and

The Daily Gazette.

JANESVILLE : : : WISCONSIN.
WEDNESDAY MORNING, AUG. 23, 1884.

ROCK COUNTY REPUBLICAN CONVENTION.

The electors of Rock county who are determined to support no man for office who is not positively and fully committed to the support of the principles announced in the "Republican Platform" adopted at Madison on the 18th of July last, and whose personal character, political associations and private conduct, do not afford a guarantee that he is reliable, are invited to meet in their respective townships or wards at the place of holding the last township ward election, on Tuesday the 10th day of October next, at 2 o'clock P. M. for the purpose of electing a thorough organization of the Republican party in their townships or wards, and of appointing delegates to a county convention hereby called at the Court House in Janesville, on THURSDAY, the 12th day of October next, at 2 o'clock P. M. to nominate a county ticket.

The towns and wards will be entitled to representation in the county convention as follows:—to wit:

Aron,	3	Janesville 1st ward	4
Adolf,	10	" 2d ward	4
Bradford,	4	" 3d ward	2
Center,	8	" 4th ward	2
Clinton,	8	" 5th ward	2
Fulton,	4	Milton,	8
Harmony,	4	Newark,	4
Lyndonville,	4	Plymouth,	4
Johnston,	4	Porter,	4
La Prairie,	8	Rock,	4
Janesville, town,	8	Spring Valley,	4
Turtle,	8	Union,	6

L. P. HARVEY, J. H. BUD, S. G. COLLEY, J. H. WILLISTON, A. HOSKINS, PETER SCHMITZ, E. VINCENT, County Committee.

17th SENATORIAL DISTRICT CONVENTION.

At the same time and place above designated in the respective towns and wards for meetings, to choose delegates to the county convention, the Republican electors of the wards of the city of Janesville, and of the towns in this county comprised in the 17th senatorial district, are requested to select an equal number of delegates to which they are entitled under the above appointment in the county convention, to represent them in a senatorial convention hereby called at the Court House in Janesville, on THURSDAY the 12th day of October next at 11 o'clock, A. M., to nominate a candidate for senator.

By order of the County Committee.

Congressional Convention—Second District.

The electors of the second congressional district of Wisconsin, comprising the counties of Rock, Green, Dane, Iowa, Lafayette, Grant, Richland, Sauk, Adams, Portage, Marathon, Crawford, Bad, La Crosse, Monroe, Polk, Pierce, Trempealeau, Elk, Chippewa, Clark, Dunn, Buffalo, St. Croix, Douglas and La Pointe, who are opposed to the Nebraska inquiry, and in favor of the principles announced in the "Republican" platform, adopted at Madison July 18th, are invited to meet in their respective assembly districts and select two delegates from each to represent them in a congressional convention to be held at Mineral Point on Wednesday, the 18th of September, at 12 o'clock M., to nominate a candidate to be supported at the approaching election. By order of the state central committee, WM. A. WHITE, Chairman.

Madison, August 14.

Assembly District Conventions—Rock County.

The electors of Rock county who are opposed to the Nebraska inquiry and in favor of the principles announced in the Republican platform adopted at Madison, July 18th, are requested to meet in MASS CONVENTION at the places designated below in their respective Assembly Districts, on Tuesday, 5th of September next, at 2 o'clock P. M., and select two delegates from each Assembly District to represent them in the Congressional Convention called at Mineral Point on the 28th of September. The Convention for the

Districts are appointed at the Court House in Janesville.
1st Dist., at the office of Samuel Hinson Esq. in the new Hotel building, Beloit.
2nd Dist., at the office of J. H. Williston Esq. in the new Hotel building, Beloit.
3rd Dist., at the office of J. H. Williston Esq. in the new Hotel building, Beloit.
4th Dist., at the office of J. H. Williston Esq. in the new Hotel building, Beloit.
5th Dist., at the office of J. H. Williston Esq. in the new Hotel building, Beloit.
6th Dist., at the office of J. H. Williston Esq. in the new Hotel building, Beloit.
7th Dist., at the office of J. H. Williston Esq. in the new Hotel building, Beloit.
8th Dist., at the office of J. H. Williston Esq. in the new Hotel building, Beloit.
9th Dist., at the office of J. H. Williston Esq. in the new Hotel building, Beloit.
10th Dist., at the office of J. H. Williston Esq. in the new Hotel building, Beloit.
11th Dist., at the office of J. H. Williston Esq. in the new Hotel building, Beloit.
12th Dist., at the office of J. H. Williston Esq. in the new Hotel building, Beloit.
13th Dist., at the office of J. H. Williston Esq. in the new Hotel building, Beloit.
14th Dist., at the office of J. H. Williston Esq. in the new Hotel building, Beloit.
15th Dist., at the office of J. H. Williston Esq. in the new Hotel building, Beloit.
16th Dist., at the office of J. H. Williston Esq. in the new Hotel building, Beloit.
17th Dist., at the office of J. H. Williston Esq. in the new Hotel building, Beloit.
18th Dist., at the office of J. H. Williston Esq. in the new Hotel building, Beloit.
19th Dist., at the office of J. H. Williston Esq. in the new Hotel building, Beloit.
20th Dist., at the office of J. H. Williston Esq. in the new Hotel building, Beloit.
21st Dist., at the office of J. H. Williston Esq. in the new Hotel building, Beloit.
22nd Dist., at the office of J. H. Williston Esq. in the new Hotel building, Beloit.
23rd Dist., at the office of J. H. Williston Esq. in the new Hotel building, Beloit.
24th Dist., at the office of J. H. Williston Esq. in the new Hotel building, Beloit.
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32nd Dist., at the office of J. H. Williston Esq. in the new Hotel building, Beloit.
33rd Dist., at the office of J. H. Williston Esq. in the new Hotel building, Beloit.
34th Dist., at the office of J. H. Williston Esq. in the new Hotel building, Beloit.
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37th Dist., at the office of J. H. Williston Esq. in the new Hotel building, Beloit.
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52nd Dist., at the office of J. H. Williston Esq. in the new Hotel building, Beloit.
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61st Dist., at the office of J. H. Williston Esq. in the new Hotel building, Beloit.
62nd Dist., at the office of J. H. Williston Esq. in the new Hotel building, Beloit.
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100th Dist., at the office of J. H. Williston Esq. in the new Hotel building, Beloit.

The calls for the various conventions have crowded upon us so "thick and fast" that we have not been able to call attention to them individually as we should like to have done. But they are none the less important, and we trust our friends will act promptly upon them, when the time arrives. The success of the anti-Nebraska movement in other quarters should not only be held as an encouragement, but as an admonition not to fall below the glorious example set us by others.

THE SARATOGA CONVENTION.—This convention was attended by delegates from every county in the state, except Columbia, Franklin, Sullivan and Suffolk, numbering about 400. Hon. Wm. T. McCann, of Queens county, presided. Mr. Greeley was on the committee of resolutions and reported a series, with a long preamble, which altogether, amounted to a declaration that "all territory of the United States must henceforth be free territory, and all states hereafter must come in as free states." [Received with nine cheers.] The last of the resolutions approved the course pursued by the people of Vermont, Connecticut, Iowa, Ohio, Michigan, Wisconsin, &c., in postponing or disregarding their minor differences and acting together in the cause of freedom, and commended their spirit to the freemen of New York and other states.

A resolution to nominate a state ticket was laid on the table, and the convention adjourned to meet again on the 26th of September at Auburn, to make nominations.

The most remarkable case of conscience of modern times, is that of Gerrit Smith, who, it is stated in settling with the sergeant-at-arms, was entitled to about \$500 legal mileage, but only took \$20, being eight dollars a day while coming and going, and actual traveling expenses.

RECONSIDERED.—The Cincinnati bankers have decided to receive the notes of the Indiana free banks of the denomination of \$5 and upwards, for the present.

This Madison Journal has the following in reference to candidates for congress, in this district:

CONGRESSIONAL CANDIDATES.—It is about time for the republicans to be casting about for a proper man to support for congress at the coming campaign. We have heard no one suggested as yet, in this district. We are happily not overwhelmed with candidates, as is the case with the "democracy." Our party is not composed of office-seekers. It is made up of men who have ability and independence enough to maintain themselves without office. We do not know of a single man in the whole district who is fighting for the nomination. We must, however, endeavor to select a man in every way reliable, and one who has the ability to attend to the interests of his constituents, as they should be. It would therefore be well for papers in the district to express their opinions, and to point out the proper man. We find the following paragraph in the Janesville Gazette, respecting the re-election of Mr. Washburne of Illinois:

We hope and believe that Mr. Washburne will be re-elected, and whether the voters of his district label him "whig," or something else, is not very essential, so long as they get the man. The Washburne family is good stock to select from.

This Mr. Washburne has also a brother in congress—Mr. Washburne of Maine. Both have made excellent members; both have been true as steel to the great principles of human liberty and true republicanism. The republicans of Illinois and of Maine are in favor of their re-election, and this reminds us that a third brother resides at Mineral Point in this district. He is quite an old resident of the state, is an active, intelligent, straight-forward business man, pretty well known in the district, and we presume would make as good a member of congress as his brothers. We concur with the Gazette that the "stock" is a good one to select from.

Harlow S. Orton of this place is another gentleman well qualified for the station, and possesses, in addition to excellent practical business talent, qualifications for public speaking and debate not surpassed by any gentleman in the state.

Orasmus Cole, of Grant, is another gentleman whose qualifications strongly recommend him to the consideration of the people. He has been tried and not found wanting. If he would accept the nomination, we could rely upon being well represented in the next congress.

There are a number of other excellent men in the district, for whose election we would gladly labor; and we wish to hear some expression from our contemporaries, as to who is the best man to unite the anti-Nebraska sentiment of the district, and call out the entire vote of the republican party.

The Milwaukee News says the worst aspect of the late "abolition" triumph in Iowa is that it will probably prevent the return of the Hon. A. C. Dodge to the senate. It is strange what peculiar tastes some men have. We don't believe the News could find one in a thousand to agree with it in this statement. On the contrary, most people look upon that as the very best part of the triumph. The public have long ago voted Augustus Caesar Dodge a nuisance in the senate, and the people of Iowa have determined to act in accordance with this prevailing sentiment.

The Prairie du Chien Courier, an independent paper, but strongly inclined to favor the democratic side of politics when there is any possible chance of doing so, makes the following plain, common sense remarks about the veto of the river and harbor appropriation bill. It speaks the sentiments probably of nine tenths of all the democrats in the west, but still, with a strange and unaccountable inconsistency, they will persist in aiding to place men in power who they know will enact the same thing over again. How long will it be before men will begin to act as they talk and think?

THE VETO.—On the fourth inst. the president returned to the "house of representatives in which it originated," the river and harbor appropriation bill with his veto message. He intimates that the bill came to near the end of the session to allow him to prepare an argument on the subject such as he could produce if he had leisure. We are glad it was so. It is bad enough to deny the people the use of their own money for necessary and highly important public improvements, without overwhelming them with half an acre of contemptible twaddle, such as now-a-days comes from the white house, in the shape of constitutional arguments. How happens it that congress never understands the subject as the president does? Why will the house of representatives pass a bill every year, which the chief magistrate cannot sign? And why is it that that unfortunate bill is invariably the only one the people care a fig about? Congress will not do anything of real public utility except the passage of annual appropriations for the improvement of our rivers and harbors, and the president will not let them do that. So, between them we get no legislation at all worth having. Mr. Pierce's pretence that he was compelled to withhold his assent from the bill because it contained provisions for local improvements is sheer nonsense. Every improvement has to some extent a merely local value, and every improvement is to some extent a general benefit, and it would not be asking too much of the president, to insist that he should permit the members of congress coming as they do from all parts of the country to know what works are of sufficient general utility to justify the assistance of government. Can't we have a congress that knows as much as the president, and a president that knows something?

The salaries in the departments at Washington, with the mileage and per diem of members, amounts to \$1,845,000. \$1,300,000 are set down for the pay, mileage and other contingent expenses of the two houses—or \$4000 per member, besides \$80,000 for printing for part of the last session; and over \$20,000 more for books voted and distributed to members of congress. There are thousands more for reporting the debates in the Washington papers. The judicial expenses of the government run well on to a million of dollars.

LOW NECKED DRESSES.—It is said when the Turkish officer Amin Bey, during his last visit to this country, attended some fashionable parties at Washington, he remarked that on going into our society, he expected to see "as many" of American ladies, but not "as much."

NEW HOTEL IN NEW YORK.—Notwithstanding the unfavorable time with hotel keepers, we see it stated that the upper part of the building now being erected by Dr. Brandreth on Broadway, Canal and Lispenard sts., has been arranged for a hotel, on the European plan, and has been leased to Mr. W. A. Radford. The rent of this building—stores, hotel, &c., will amount to about \$10,000.

FROM THE EMANCIPATING PARTY.—KANSAS, JULY 20.—I am sorry to inform my friends and the readers generally, that the pioneer party of the Massachusetts Emancipating aid committee, five of its members having been slain, traveling here from Boston and five from Rochester. This may be set down as the actual truth between our city and Kansas. All of the party are really healthy, not a case of sickness occurred during the trip. What a volume might be written concerning our noble boat and its mixed cargo. We had four Polackattams going to the Kickapoo Indians, from Milwaukee. We had six slaves with their masters going to work hemp in Lexington, Missouri. Some of them appear happy in their midnight ignorance. The master of one said he paid \$1400 for him. One poor fellow has left a wife and five children in Kentucky, but his master was compelled to sell him to save himself from ruin. We had many slave-owners on board, some of whom talked loud about law and feathers on our arrival.

Four is \$3.75 per cwt., butter 12 1/2 cts. per lb., beef 8c., wood \$2.50 per cord, &c. I never expected to see such corn. No rain has fallen for fifty days; it is very uncommon, but the black soil is many feet deep.

Those things of coming had better keep cool this hot weather, and make preparations to meet some difficulties and receive in return 100 acres of excellent land. I shall keep you posted as we proceed.

But here we are in this city. We called together "the mutiny-making crew," as we were called, loaded our rifles, and appointed our men to give the word in case any emergency occurred demanding their use. In answer to inquiries, we told the slave-owners that we meant to be prepared in case we fell in with a flock of wild geese or other game. While on the boat one man boasted that word had been sent out to give us such a warm reception as would prevent any more "chances and partings" from coming on from the east.

This morning we are making preparations for traveling 35 miles to the Mahanoyas territory, which our agents say is the best land on this side the hobe, and they doubt whether the other side can produce any half as good.

I would say to the reader of this, that on coming up the Missouri I saw splendid land, but never did I see anything like the land here. It costs a man not less than \$10 or \$20 to come here and return.—Cor. Rochester Democrat.

THE PHASES OF LIFE.—The Baltimore American says that on Friday morning a lady appeared at the mayor's office in Baltimore, and asked aid to bury the remains of a cousin's husband, who had just died after a disease of ten years' standing. The wife, who for a long time had supported the family by the labor of her hands, had been obliged of late to relinquish her work, for the purpose of ministering at the bedside of her husband. On the previous week she had sold the last bed, that on which he reposed, to procure a small amount of food to sustain life. She had become indebted to the amount of eleven dollars for house rent, and on the day before (Thursday) her landlord had seized and sold the remainder of her property—which realized the sum of two dollars. Entirely destitute of food and furniture, the family remained in the house, and the father died without even a pillow on which to repose his head.

The unfortunate widow, thus destitute and starving, was a niece of the late John McDonough, the New Orleans millionaire. She is left to struggle through the world in abject poverty, while his ample estates given to already rich and independent corporations. The lady who appeared at the mayor's office in behalf of her cousin, was also a niece of Mr. McDonough, and was too poor to render any assistance to the suffering one. Her recital touched the kindly feelings of those present, and in a few moments a sufficient amount of money was contributed to bury the dead.

RULES FOR REDUCING ACRES TO SQUARE MILES.—Cut off three figures from the right and increase the remainder by fifty six and a quarter per cent; thus, 16,000 square acres.—Cut off, three, the remainder is 13. Add 8 which is thirty per cent, the sum is 21. Again add 1, which is one sixteenth, or six and a quarter per cent, the sum is 25 (square miles).—Proof: 25x484=16,000.

This rule is very convenient for reading congressional and other talk about acres of large amount, when one wishes merely an approximation to the more intelligible denomination of square miles. For this purpose the six and a quarter per cent may be omitted. Thus Mr. Gwin, in Congress, proposes to give the Pacific railroad company alternate sections of land amounting to 40,000,000 square acres. Most newspaper readers have no practical comprehension of that surface thus expressed. But to 40,000 add 20,000 making 60,000 square miles, and every school-boy knows it is a surface just about as large as the state of Georgia, or Missouri, or Illinois. If he is "very particular" he may stop reading the article and cipher out the sixteenth, which in the case supposed is 2500 square miles.—Boston Trav.

JUSTIFYING THE VETO OF THE RIVER AND HARBOR BILL.—The Sheboygan Journal and the News of this city, approve of the president's veto of the river and harbor bill, and think that, in so doing, he was carrying out democratic principles. Why didn't they advocate such doctrine two years ago, when Pierce was running for the presidency? It would not do then. To have come out openly and candidly, and published Gen. Pierce's position in regard to river and harbor improvements, would have defeated him overwhelmingly in all the western states. We are glad to perceive that but very few, even of the democratic journals of the west, have the brazen impudence and hardihood to attempt to justify the conduct of president Pierce in vetoing the river and harbor bill. A few antislavery sheets, of the rank and most rabid pro-slavery character, which have sworn to sustain every act of the present administration, no matter how base and treacherous to the best interest of the nation; will, of course, seek to delude the people into the belief that the veto was all right; that the president is a firm friend of western interests, and that he withheld his signature from the harbor bill because he had conscientious scruples as to its constitutionality; but they will find it up-hill business.—Free Democrat.

The Hartford Times, the leading democratic paper in Conn., and the only one of the least importance, that has not been brought up by the administration, says that the circumstances "did not justify the entire destruction of the town, (of San Juan,) involving many innocent persons in losses and inconvenience. The cause was not aggravated enough for the punishment."

A PRACTICAL KNOW-NOTHING.—The western country is such an unknown land to the stay-at-home down easter, that his inquiries evince practical know-nothingness. One of the editors of the Baraboo Standard, now in the state of Maine, writes:

Coming from Wisconsin, I am frequently interrogated in regard to its soil, its climate—what kind of people or society we have? and I have been asked the question, by a "know-nothing," if the Indians troubled us much?

CHARLES DICKENS.—The Boston Daily Advertiser thus contradicts a report respecting Chas. Dickens, which has been in circulation here.—The Advertiser's correspondent is supposed to be Prof. Felton, of Harvard University. "It is a matter of delicacy to touch upon the private affairs of gentlemen. But I will venture to say a word or two with regard to those of Mr. Dickens, whose domestic life has been so untidily invaded by this slanderer. Ever since the commencement of the Pickwick papers, Mr. Dickens has received a large income, and that income has been generously but not extravagantly devoted, so far as was necessary, to the comfort and happiness of those dependent on him. The noble manner in which he has discharged his duties, and more than his duties, towards those with whom the relations of life have closely bound him, is known to all who know him and them; and the affectionate admiration with which he is regarded by the circle of relatives and friends by whom he is surrounded, should forever silence the tongue of slander. Mr. Dickens lives in a style of simple elegance, without the slightest extravagance, and far within his means." His industry is scarcely equalled by any man in England; and the popularity and circulation of his works quite surpass any thing known in modern times, except Mrs. Stowe's Uncle Tom. He receives his friends with grand hospitality, but without ostentation. He enjoys life in a rational manner, running into none of the excesses of fashion or parade which might tempt a weaker man placed in his circumstances, in a great city like London. I have reason to believe that the profits of the new and revised edition of his works, which has an enormous sale, are wholly untouched by his expenses. If so, then few literary men are so well off in their pecuniary circumstances as Charles Dickens."

THE JENKINS.—The Patriot publishes a call, numerous signed—the country having been industriously scoured for several weeks past to obtain signers—asking Thos. Hood, Esq., to become a candidate for judge of this circuit. Mr. Hood accepts the call, and significantly adds that if elected he shall endeavor to render the "administration of justice pleasant for suitors."

The Patriot urges his election on strict party grounds as the candidate of the democracy.—Mr. Hood is a Nebraska democrat we believe, and we have it on good authority that he, with one or two of his associates, recently visited Sauk City and attempted to change the politics of the German paper at that place, which strongly opposes the Nebraska outrage, and to stop its noble utterances of freedom. It is also a significant fact that W. N. Seymour, who sustains the Pierce administration and the Kansas-Nebraska act, heads the call. Mr. Hood is a democrat in the party sense of the word. We admit it; and the pro-slavery men would do well to support their candidate.

We do not believe, however, that the low party appeals of the Patriot will prove particularly favorable to its candidate among the intelligent and honest portion of the democracy.—The people of this circuit are not in favor of party candidates.—Madison Journal.

AUSTRALIAN GOLD AND THE DISCOVERY OF A GREAT RIVER.—The prospects of business in Australia appear to be more favorable than in California. The yield of gold is more certain and at present is larger. The London bankers estimate that from \$9,000,000 to \$10,000,000 sterling per annum, or \$48,000,000 in our currency, is the aggregate that may continue to be looked for. The growth of the country in population and trade promises to realize all expectations. The increase from immigration in the single colony of Victoria alone, continues to average 15,000 souls per week, and the agricultural and commercial resources of the entire territory of South Australia, Victoria, and New South Wales, are found to be capable of vast expansion from the channel of traffic opened up by the navigation of the Murray. This river in its course forms a boundary to all the three colonies, and while it connects the whole, gives each of them a common outlet to the sea. Its exploration has been conducted so thoroughly that it is now ascertained to be navigable for steam vessels through a distance of 1,000 miles.

MORTALITY OF THE COUNTY POOR HOUSE IN JULY.—A careful examination of the official report of Dr. Pratt to the board of health, and of the certificates of death from the same source, furnishes us the following catalogue for the month of July:

There died of cholera 27 males and 29 females..... 56
Add Mr. Otis and Mr. Hebbard..... 2
Total deaths from cholera..... 57
" " other diseases..... 9

Total mortality for the month..... 66
Of the 66 deaths by cholera of pauper inmates, 25 were from the insane department, containing 53 inmates.

If we take the number of inmates at 270, as given by the superintendents, we find from the above statement, that one-fifth of the entire population of the institution has died of cholera in a single month. The same ratio of mortality in the city would have swept off 16,000 souls.—Buff. Com. Adv.

SPECIMENS OF GRASS.—Mr. John G. Bishop, of Eden, brought to our office on Saturday last, 16 heads of Timothy grass, grown from one root, the combined length of six of which is 60 inches, and the largest of which is 34, and the shortest six inches. They will grow on marsh land, ditched and seeded upon the sod, without dragging or plowing—seeded upon the snow. The ground is but partially seeded, scattered thinly among the wild grass. This ground gives abundant evidences that heavy crops of Timothy can be grown upon our wild marsh land, without the expense of breaking the old sod, if properly ditched.—Fond du Lac Union.

A single lady recently died at St. Malo, France, who was worth four millions of francs, leaving twenty-two wills, all of which it was necessary for the judicial authorities to examine. A married woman cannot make a will—a single one can—and this lady seemed determined to enjoy the privilege to the utmost.

A good story is told of a Michigan man who recently went into Indiana to buy a drove of horses. He was longer than he intended to be absent, and failed to meet a business engagement. On being rather reproached for not being at home, he made due apology. "I tell you how it is, square, at every little darned town they wanted me to stop and be president of a bank."

THE MARKETS.

JANESVILLE, TUESDAY EVENING, AUG. 22.
Flour, 6.00a5.50; Wheat, winter, 1.25a1.30; club, 1.15a1.25; common spring, 1.00a1.15; Corn, 45a43; Rye, 60a55; Barley, 40a35; Oats, 24a23.
MILWAUKEE, TUESDAY MORNING, AUG. 22.—Wheat, winter, 1.20a1.40; club, 1.20a1.30; common spring, 1.00a1.15; Rye, 75a80; Oats, 60a55; Corn, 45a43.
CHICAGO, MONDAY EVENING, AUG. 21.—Flour, 7.25a7.75; wheat, winter, 1.20; spring 95a1.00; Corn 37a38; Rye, 60a62 1/2.

AGRICULTURAL NOTICE.

The regular quarterly meeting of the Rock County Agricultural Society and Mechanics' Institute, will be held at the Apollo Hall in the city of Janesville, on Monday the fourth day of September next, at ten o'clock A. M. Essay by J. A. Fletcher, Esq. of Johnston. O. R. GIBBS, Secretary.

County papers please copy. au18

TRUSDELL, JORDAN & BENNETT,

Attorneys at Law

Having completed an accurate abstract of the TITLE, TAX and JUDGMENT RECORDS of Rock County, are prepared to furnish full and reliable information respecting the ownership of Real Estate in said county, and all liens on such estate by Judgment, Mortgage or otherwise.

REAL ESTATE OFFICE.

Business in the courts of this and the adjoining counties will be promptly attended to.
Office—Second Story of Empire Block.
Janesville, Wis., May 25th, 1881.

J. F. PEASE

Will commence his next term of instruction upon the Piano Forte, and in Vocal Music on Wednesday Sept. 15th. Pupils under his tuition may be assured that no pains will be spared to secure their rapid and thorough advancement in the art.

Good boarding places will be provided for pupils, from abroad, for those who wish. Apply at Pease's Music Rooms.
Janesville, Aug. 20, 1884. au22-3a&d

Notice.

THE undersigned having closed up the affairs of his late firm, are now engaged in the wholesale and retail agents for the following houses, manufacturing Organs, Melodeons and Seraphines. Charles Austin, Boston; and D. B. Smith, New York. Also, for the sale of the following:—Mason & Hamlin, Warren & Co., Fugate & Crockett, Prescott & Co's.

Any instrument made by the above firms we will furnish at the lowest price, or on terms of sale as may be desired. It can be exchanged without cost. Terms cash or approved notes on three or four months. JOHN F. PEASE & CO., Janesville, Wis. au22-3a&d

Something New!!

MR. CHARLES AUSTIN, the celebrated Reel maker has just completed his new Organ Reel, upon which he has labored for the last five years and expended more than six thousand dollars. This Reel is different from all others in its composition, being much larger and having more power. It is intended for Church and Parlor Organs as manufactured by Messrs. Austin & Co. These Organs have an upright Organ and Melodeon, and are of all Church Organs. The price will range from \$175 to \$300, depending upon the finish of the case. To churches in want of an instrument of that value we would say that they have more power than any common Organ costing \$200.

J. F. Pease & Co., Janesville, Wis., are interested in the manufacture and sale of these instruments, and are the only persons through whom they can be

Boston Aug. 16th.

MASSACHUSETTS WHIG CONVENTION.—The whig state convention met here to-day. F. Dexter, of Beverly, was chosen president, with twenty-three vice presidents. The president made a speech, in which he denounced the bombardment of Greytown.

Josh Quincy spoke in favor of striking out of the constitution the obligation to return fugitive slaves, which was received with cheers.

Enory Washburn was nominated for governor, and Wm. C. Plunkett for lieutenant governor.

A resolution was adopted, declaring Massachusetts whigs always true to the constitution and union, and that they need not abandon its principles. That it was the intention of the framers of the constitution to confine slavery to its then existing limits, as was clearly demonstrated by the passage of the ordinance of 1787. That the recent act of congress has wantonly and faithlessly annulled the solemn covenant that stood for more than thirty years, leaving no restriction upon the action of the free states, beyond the requirements of the constitution.

That the fugitive slave law requires amendments securing trial by jury, and habeas corpus, and failing in this, it is unconstitutional and should be repealed.

That the people of Massachusetts are in favor of liberty, and opposed to the extension of slavery and will oppose it firmly, at all times under all circumstances.

That the president has violated the pledges made in his inaugural address, and stooped from his office to interfere in the action of the people, and by his cabinet appointing foreigners of questionable character to office, and excluded native citizens of high reputation and patriotism. For his cowardly attack on Greytown, and for not daring to insist on the full enjoyment of religious freedom for Americans abroad.

After several speeches, the resolutions were unanimously adopted.

CINCINNATI, Monday, Aug. 14, 1854.

The powder magazine at Maysville was fired by some miscreant at 2 o'clock yesterday morning. The explosion was terrific, the magazine containing 800 kegs of gunpowder. Thirteen houses were buried, but, singular to say, not a life was lost by the actual explosion, and but few were injured. One lady, however, has since died from the effects of the fright. The citizens were so much alarmed that some minutes elapsed before any would go into the street, the general impression being that the "day of judgment" had come. When the citizens sallied out they found the streets covered with the fragments of demolished houses, &c. The damage to property is between \$50,000 and \$100,000. The mayor has offered a reward of \$1,000 for information that will lead to the conviction of the rascal that set fire to the magazine.

The result of the election in Iowa, is the handwriting on the wall pointing to the utter overthrow of the Nebraska administration in the free states. Iowa was the most thoroughly wedded to this slavery-propagating administration of any free state. And the utter overthrow of the administration forces there, is but the precursor of more signal defeats to follow. One of the results of such defeats is to lead the administration presses to change their tune and to profess to be anti-Nebraska, and claim votes on that ground, while continuing the Nebraska administration. The object being to deceive the people till after election, when these same presses will throw off the mask, say the question is settled, and it won't do to agitate and distract the party.—Free Democrat.

HEALTH.—The health of Freeport has greatly improved since our last issue—in fact we have heard of no new actual cases of cholera since, neither have we heard of any reported ones—We are happy to be able to record this fact. Of course there is some sickness yet in our midst, but it has assumed altogether another form.—Freeport Bulletin.

THE PRESERVE OF MIND OF A LITTLE GIRL.—The following singular incident which occurred in this city a few days since, is related to us: A little girl about 8 years of age, in attempting to pass from one side of the street to the other, carelessly ran immediately before a team, that was passing at the time; so that she came near being run over. Seeing her danger, she clasped her arms around one of the legs of the horse nearest to her, and in this manner, was carried along until the team, which was going at a rapid rate, was stopped by the driver, when she left her temporary refuge, and gained the opposite side of the street unharmed, but not a little frightened. It will probably be some time before she attempts a similar feat.—Utica Observer.

JOHN JACOB ASTOR.—The American Crosses, John Jacob Astor, was born in the little village of Waldorf, near Heidelberg, on the Rhine. In his will, he made provision for an institution which will perpetuate his memory in the place of his birth, as the "Astor Library" will in the place of his residence. The "Astor House," as it is called, was dedicated with solemn ceremonies at 4 o'clock, on the afternoon of Saturday, July 9, and is intended to answer three purposes, viz: an infant school; an educational institute for the young, and a retreat for indigent aged persons. The funds at its disposal are said to be amply sufficient.

The Manchester American states that the late attack on the president is suggestive of the character of the administration. Caesar fell by Napoleon; infernal machines were prepared for Napoleon; still others sought Louis Philippe. Our president is attacked with boiled eggs.

JOHN KENYON.—Wishing to reduce his stock of goods, as far as possible before bringing on a GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF NEW FANCY GOODS, has concluded to sell them at prices very little above cost, Boots and Shoes cheaper than ever. Please to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.

JOHN KENYON.

TO RENT.—A small and pleasant room suitable for a Physician's office. Enquire of

J. D. REXFORD.

LAWRENCE, ATWOOD & CO.

AT THE OLD STAND

LAWRENCE, STRONG, & CO.

DEALERS IN IRON, STEEL, CUT

and Wrought Nails. Farming utensils of all kinds, blacksmiths', Joiners', and Carpenters' Tools. Shelf Hardware generally. Table and Pocket Cutlery of the best quality. Builders' Hardware, Iron Pump Cylinders, Tubing Chain and Ropes. Japanned, Blued, and Britannia and Tin Ware of all kinds. Every variety of Baths. Also, Cook, Parlor, Hall, and Box Stoves. Groceries and Domestic Dry Goods. Also, Manufacturers of Tin, Sheet Iron and Copper ware.

Every article manufactured by us is warranted to give perfect satisfaction.

Orders respectfully solicited, and promptly attended to.

Remember the place, two doors south of the American, Main street Janesville.

Wm. A. LAWRENCE, V. ATWOOD, F. S. LAWRENCE.

PATENT MEDICINES of all popular

kind at

J. J. FARWELL'S.

THE EMPIRE DRUG WAREHOUSE.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

ESTABLISHED 1845!

THE OLDEST DRUG HOUSE IN WISCONSIN!

HOLDEN & KEMP, 1854.

HOLDEN & KEMP, 1851.

A CARD.

HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.,

PROPRIETORS OF

The Empire Drug Store,

BEG to inform the Citizens of Wisconsin

generally and of the interior of the state in particular, that they have now received their Spring purchase of

DRUGS, MEDICINES, BYE-WOOD,

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, &c.,

Making our Stock complete in every department.

Our business connections afford us facilities for

JOBING GOODS AT ABOUT NEW YORK RATES,

decidedly lower than any concern in this state. Merchants wishing to replenish their stock of

STAPLE DRUGS

will of course bear this fact in mind and get our prices. To our large and increasing

Retail Trade & Dispensing Department

We devote our personal and particular attention, and the fact that we have dispensed goods in this city for the last nine years without the slightest accident or mistake, is a sufficient guarantee that future commands will be as well attended to. All orders shall receive our prompt attention, and goods packed and forwarded with care and dispatch.

Janesville, July 1854.

J. J. FARWELL'S.

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BEG to inform the Citizens of Wisconsin

generally and of the interior of the state in particular, that they have now received their Spring purchase of

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PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, &c.,

Making our Stock complete in every department.

BY TELEGRAPH!

[REPORTED FOR THE JANESVILLE GAZETTE.]

No report—wires down.

RAILROAD NOTICE.

Office Rock River Valley Union Rail Road Co. No. 18, Exchange Place.

New York, August 10th, 1854.

A MEETING OF THE STOCK-

holders of this company will be held at the company office in the city of Janesville, Wis., on Tuesday the 10th day of October next at 10 o'clock A. M. to act on the following business.

1st. To hear reports of the board of directors, and to examine the statements of accounts as made up by the treasurer.

2nd. To consider what action they will take to increase the subscription to the capital stock of the company.

3rd. To adopt a revised code of by-laws.

4th. To elect a board of directors not exceeding fifteen.

5th. To consider and transact any other business that may legally come before them.

By order of the board of directors.

a17-1d J. W. CURRIEL, Secretary.

RAILROAD NOTICE.

Office Rock River Valley Union Rail Road Co. No. 15, Exchange Place.

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Office Rock River Valley Union Rail Road Co. No. 15, Exchange Place.

New York, August 10th, 1854.

AGAIN & AGAIN

THE BOSTON STORE.

Let the Horn be Blown!!

"Sound the loud trumpet o'er land and o'er sea."

WHEELLOCK'S triumph, and ever shall be.

THIS is the middle of the nineteenth

century, the first half of which has produced more change and onward movement than any fifty years of our Christian Era.

HARDWARE

JOSEPH A. WOOD & CO.,
Sign of the Padlock.
 THE SUBSCRIBERS, thankful for the liberal
 patronage extended to them during the past year,
 would respectfully inform the people of Wisconsin
 that they have received the **LARGEST AND BEST SELECTED STOCK OF**
Hardware, Iron, Steel,
Nails, Glass, Stoves, &c.,
 ever offered in Janesville.
 Among our stock of **IRON AND STEEL** may be found
 the following, to which we invite the attention of **Black-**

Best American Blued Iron all sizes..
" English Refined, do do..
" Swedes do do..
Nails, and American Horse Shoe Iron, all sizes..
" Nail Rods, best quality..
Sunderland's Cast Steel, all sizes and shapes..
Tee Calk Steel..
English Spring Steel..
Wire Steel, 4 to 16 inches wide..
Also, Anvils, Vices, Bellows, Tumbler Scins, Flue
Hamps, Screw Makers, Sledges, Hammers, &c..
We also request a critical examination of our large
and varied assortment of
**Carpenters' & Joiners' & Coopers'
Tools,**
Purchased direct from the Manufacturer, consisting
of the very best makes of
Every kind of every description..
Cast Steel Chisels of all kinds,
Augers and Auger Bits, Braces and Bits,
Browl Axes, Adzes, Hammers, Steel Squares,
Try Squares, Plated Bevels, Spirit Levels, &c., &c..
All of superior finish and from the best makers..
We have an endless variety of
Farming Implements,
Shovels, Spades, Scoops, Scythes and Snaths,
P and 4 Tine Forks,
Hoes, Corn Shellers, &c., &c..
at lower rates than can be obtained in any other estab-
lishment in this city..
STOVES
of every style may be found at our Ware Rooms. Our
assortment of Cook Stoves is very large. We have for
sale the following:—
DANIEL, PARAGON,
IMPROVED EMPIRE STATE,
FASHION, BROTHER JONATHAN,
NEW EAGLE,

NEW WORLD. PACIFIC, RED JACKET, ATLAS,
STAR OF THE WEST, Elevated Oven,
DRAWING STAIR, do do
CULTIVATOR, do do
FIRE FLY, do do

Also, four acres of PREMIUM SEEDS. Parlor Cook-
box and Parlor Stove, being the latest assortment of every
kind, and made of the best materials. Having
paid cash for all our stores at time of purchase, and
thereby obtaining a great discount, we are prepared to
sell at much

LOWER PRICES,
than those who try to compete with us.
We manufacture

Tin, Sheet Iron & Copper Ware;
and always have a large assortment on hand.

Persons at a distance favoring us with their orders
may rest assured that we will attend to them to the
best of our ability.

Having had thirteen years experience in this branch
of trade, and being connected with a large Importing
House in New York, we can offer greater inducements

49 JOSEPH A. WOOD & CO.,
Styln of the Padlock, Janesville, Wisconsin.

NEW GOODS!

\$15,000 Worth of

ROOTS AND SHOES

JUST RECEIVED AT THE

Wisconsin Boot & Shoe Store.

I AM now receiving one of the largest and finest stocks of Boots and Shoes that I have ever before brought to Janesville, and what is finer than all the rest, I can sell them at lower prices than I have ever sold before, notwithstanding the great advance in the Eastern Market. My assortment of

Ladies Fine Shoes.

In particular, I have no hesitation in saying, cannot be

equaled in this state, both for style and durability, being all made to order, and in such a manner that I can warrant every article I sell, without understanding all the things that if they do come up to the warrant they shall be accepted free of charge.

GENTLEMEN'S WEAR.

In this line I know beyond a doubt that I can show you a finer assortment and at better prices by twenty-five per cent, than can be found at any of the old shops or Dry Goods stores about town. I want it distinctly understood that I make the **BOOT AND SHOES** **TRADE** **A WHOLE STUDY**, and that I *Buy More, Sell*

More and More we must ROSE the Trade, that the whole
kind of people must put together. I can tell you
that I can make it an object for Every Farmer
in Rock County, as well as every one who
trades in Janesville to buy their Boots and Shoes of me
for the more I sell the smaller profits I can make at.

Manufacturing.

I want to say a few words to you in regard to my
Manufacturing Department, to wit: That I am now en-
gaged more extensively in the manufacturing business
than ever before. I have a large stock of Boots and
Shoes about town put together, including for these reas-
ons—that I use better Stock, being entirely of Eastern
tannage, which every one knows is worth twenty-five
per cent more than the western tanned leather, and
that what is a better reason and a greater impor-
tance, I can

Sell my Custom Work at Much Lower Prices
and at the same time sell you a better article than you
can get at the shops, for this reason, which you must
all see is a very palpable one, that in buying my stock

I want to state further that I have secured the services of M. HUCKINGHAM, who has formerly been engaged in the manufacturing business on the west side of the river, and who is known by every one to be the best leather manufacturer in the country. He will not get up a better article, both in regard to style and durability, we will forfeit our money and our reputation, and I pledge you my word that this is no *exaggerated* promise.

Leather and Findings.

I have just received over \$3,000 worth of the very best brands of Western Saddle & Upper Leather, or also, a very large assortment of FRENCH and PHILADELPHIA KIP and FRENCH CALF SKINS, together with a full assortment of MOROCCOS of every kind, which I will sell at

I have constantly on hand, also, a large assortment of all kinds of FINDINGS, LASTS, BOOT TREES, CRIMPS, etc., etc., all of which will be sold at the same rates.

I request the attention of manufacturers in town as well as in the country to my stock, as I think I can make it an object for you to buy of me. At least, I can sell you a much superior article to that which you get

TO THE LADIES.

I would say that I am under very great obligation for the partiality you have shown me, in always procuring your understandings from me, and I now publicly promise and swear that I will make every one of you who may be entitled to the name a present of a handsome pair of CACKS, when I shall have closed up my shoe-selling career. I would say further, that I am prepared to get up to order any style of work you wish, at low rates.

Yours respectfully,

By the way, don't forget the location of the Institution, three doors above the Post Office, Janesville, Wisconsin.

Janesville June 12, 1854. 41

FOR SALE.

AT VERY LOW PRICES FOR CASH,
—AT—
Jenkins' Empire Groceries,
CORNER OF THE AMERICAN HOTEL

N. O. SUGARS, in hhds, and bbls.,
St. Louis clarified and refined in bbls.,
Golden Syrup, in bbls. and kegs, superior.

St. Louis Palm Soap.
Burton's No. 1 Soap.
Stearin, Tallow, Star and Sperm Candles.
2,000 lbs. Cheese.

Dried Apples, Peaches, Plums.
Also, a general assortment of GROCERIES, PRO-
VISIONS, FLOUR, MEAL, FISH, &c., and not to be un-
dersold.
Lexington, Ky. 1841.

CANARY BIRD Fountains, Bathing
Dishes, Nests and Mixed Feed in pound papers.
1819 H. HOLDEN, KEMP & Co.

S. C. SPAULDING
JEWELRY AND VARIETY STORE,
HAS JUST RECEIVED A Large and Beautiful
assortment of New Styles of

Fall and Winter Goods.
Which in addition to former stock makes his supply
the most PERFECT AND EXTENSIVE of any in the
West. Among which may be found
Fine English Lever Gold Watches,
Also a variety of ANCHORS and LEVINE, Hunting
and Open Face. Also English Lever, Anchor and
Levine SILVER WATCHES.

HIS STOCK OF JEWELRY
Comprises the most beautiful and fashionable articles
manufactured, among which may be found a special
assortment of New Style
Ladies Brooches, Bracelets, Ear Drops and Rings,
Finger Rings, Gold Chains,
Gold Pencils, Gold and Silver Spectacles,
Gold Chains, Neck Chains,
Gold and Silver Buttons, Keys,
Watch Hooks, Lockets,
Sleeve Buttons, Snaps, Slides, Toothpicks,
Cents Cravats and Bosom Pins, &c. &c.

SILVER WARE.
Collapsible of Plain and Threaded Tea and Table Spoons,
Table Forks, Butter Knives, Fruit Knives,
Sugar Ladles and Shovels,
Sugar Creams and Mustard Pots,
all warranted to be of quality equal to American Goods.

HIS STOCK OF PLATED GOODS
Consists of Cutlery, Cake Baskets, Card Receivers,
Sugar Creams and Mustard Pots,
Tea, Table, Dessert, Salt and Mustard Spoons,
Tea, Table, Dining and Dessert Forks,
Butter Knives, &c. &c.

A lot of FINE BRITANNIA TEA POTS New Style.
A Good Assortment of GERMAN SILVER GOODS.
CHINA TEA SETS, Mustard Pots and Sauces,
Candle Sticks, Card Receivers,
Vases, Jugs and Figures.

Cutlery.
A lot of fine Table Cutlery, Pocket Knives, Scissors,
Shears, Razors, &c. &c.

**Port Monnoies, Accordions, Flutes, Toy
Books, Song Books, Note Paper,
Envelopes, Novels.**
Toys! Toys!! Toys!!!
Every Child should have some.

CLOCKS.
Time pieces, ornamental and plain, warranted to keep
true for years.
LOOKING GLASSES (Horn, Glass, Bird, Fountain, Statu-
ary, India Rubber, Bibles, Bibles' Toys, &c.)
WATCHES Cleaned and Repaired to suit cus-
tomers.

CASH Paid for California Gold and Silver.
S. C. SPAULDING.

ARRIVAL!
The Largest Stock ever brought to this Market.
CONSISTING OF FINE MOLESKIN, SILK,
CLOAK & DRAB, FUR WOOL, PANAMA, LEG-
GION, STAMPA, PALESTINE HATS, of all the
best fits in the Market.
COATS—Everything desirable, too numerous to
mention.
LADIES' RIDING HATS, a beautiful article.
Also a full assortment of Hosiery, comprising
SHIRTS, COLLARS, SUSPENDERS, BRACES, STOCKS,
HOSIERY, GLOVES, &c.
all of which have been bought directly of the Importer,
and manufactured by a resident agent in New York,
and will be sold at prices that defy competition.

Call and See.
At the Sign of the BIG HAT before purchasing else-
where.
Hats made to order; Repairing attended to.
JNO. R. BEALE.
Janesville May 17th, 1854.

Sky-Light Daguerreotypes.
GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICE.
75 Cents to \$5.00.
MR. J. E. POWERS, lately from Troy, (N. Y.)
respectfully informs the Ladies and Gentlemen of
this place and vicinity that he has made a permanent
location in Janesville, and has taken rooms over
JANESVILLE JEWELRY STORE, where he is prepared to take
Daguerreotype Likenesses.

Either single or in groups, not to be surpassed in Wis-
consin. Miniatures taken in as good style as the Art
can produce, having all the improved chemicals of the
age, which, together with the advantages of a superior
light, enable him to give a clear, bold and life-like pic-
ture.
Miniatures taken in all weather's equally well, and
warranted not to fade in the least, from 75 cents to \$1.
Pictures taken over 50 cents.
Lockets and fancy cases of all styles furnished to or-
der, and also miniatures in Pin and Bracelets.
Miniatures of sick or diseased persons taken at their
residences if required.
Pictures of Children of any age correctly taken at
very low rates.
His Room will be open from 1 A. M. to 8 P. M., and
he will be at home from 10 to 12 O'CLOCK P. M., to
Call and Examine his Specimens,
whether they wish to have their portraits taken, or
Among these specimens Miniatures of Henry
Clay, John P. Hale, Jenny Lind and General Tom
Thumb.
Instructions given in the art on reasonable terms.
Janesville, Dec. 1, 1852.

TO BUILDERS.
Materials Furnished.
THE SUBSCRIBER is now prepared to fur-
nish BUILDING MATERIALS in any quantity; and
CHEAPER than can be sold anywhere else in this
vicinity. Working one of the very best Quarries in the
State, and possessing superior facilities for getting
Out and Dressing Stone, manufacturing himself Quick
Lime, and having in perfect operation his MILL
for the manufacture of Water Lime, he can offer su-
perior inducements to builders for the purchase of these
articles.
Water Lime.
Has been fully tested, and found to be of an excellent
quality, and he is now prepared to WARRANT it in all
cases, and offer it at a price making it an object to buy.
In furnishing
Building Stone.
It is not too much to say he is in advance of all competi-
tors. He can furnish them in the rough, or dressed, in
any quantity, or of any size, and cheaper than can be
found elsewhere.
Quick Lime.
The subscriber has now invested a large amount of
Capital in his works, and will give careful attention
to the preparation of his materials. His location and
the convenience of easy access to his Mill and Quarry,
together with the superior character of his Materials,
induces him to believe that he can give satisfaction to
all who will employ him.
J. C. DUSTIN.
Janesville, Jan. 10, 1854.

NEW SUPPLY.
A NEW supply of Sheet Music, Vio-
lin and Guitar Strings, Instruction Books with a
general assortment of Vocal Music Books, just received
and for sale at SUTHERLAND'S Bookstore.
P. S. All the valuable new music received immedi-
ately after its publication at SUTHERLAND'S.
Janesville, Aug. 6, 1854.

Land Contracts for sale at this office.

Philadelphia Drug Store.
WEST SIDE THE RIVER.



Oilville & Barrows
RESPECTFULLY give notice to their friends
and the public, that they have now in Store a large
and complete assortment of Goods pertaining to their
line of business, which they offer as usual upon the
most satisfactory terms to cash purchasers.

TO PHYSICIANS.
They respectfully commend their stock of
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRUGS,
as being about the fullest and most complete in the In-
terior of the State, and comprising many Medicines
recently introduced to the notice of the Faculty.
The care taken in selecting their goods, and the
attention bestowed upon this important branch of their
trade will, it is thought, be apparent at once, and they
accordingly invite an examination by the Profession,
prompting, that while they offer PURE AND UNADUL-
TERATED ARTICLES, the Doctor shall be of the Low-
est possible mark.

To Surgeons and Dentists.
The subscribers have just received from the New York
Surgical Instrument Manufacturer a supply of their
Celebrated Instruments, to which they ask the attention
of Physicians and Surgeons, which they offer at Manu-
facturers' Prices, adding freight and insurance.

TO DAGUERREAN ARTISTS.
THE SUBSCRIBERS respectfully call the at-
tention of Daguerreotypists, and others interested,
to their stock of
Artists Materials, Chemicals, &c.,
which comprises all the articles used in the Photo-
graphic Art, including the most BEAUTIFUL MINIA-
TURE ARTICLES AND LOCKETS in all styles, and the best
in the country, all of which they offer at the very low-
est prices, and guarantee satisfaction to every purchas-
er.
Janesville, June 24, 1854.

BEESWAX for sale at
PHILADELPHIA DRUG STORE.
A LARGE Assortment of FANCY HAIR
BRUSHES AND COMBS at
PHILADELPHIA DRUG STORE.

WINDOW GLASS.—French and American
WINDOW GLASS, from 75¢ to 25¢, all a full sup-
ply for sale by
OILVILLE & BARROWS.

CLUE of a Superior Quality for sale at
PHILADELPHIA DRUG STORE.
PERFUMERY.—The undersigned have just
received a Large Assortment of LUBIN'S and HAT-
TISON'S CELEBRATED PERFUMERY, which they offer
to dealers at a small advance on cost.

AYER'S
CHERRY PECTORAL.
For the Cure of
COUGHS, COLDS,
HOARSENESS, BRON-
CHITIS, CROUP, ASTH-
MA, WHOOPING COUGH
AND CONSUMPTION.

THE SUBSCRIBERS not being regular agents
for the sale of the above named Medicines, offer to
the public at the rate of SEVEN SHILLINGS A BOT-
TLE, which is the wholesale price, pledging themselves
to sell the genuine article only.
Also, AYER'S CELEBRATED PILLS, For Sale at the
PHILADELPHIA DRUG STORE.
OILVILLE & BARROWS.

To Builders and Painters.
A FULL SUPPLY OF
THOMPSON'S PURE LEAD,
French and American Zinc,
Silver's Plastic Paint,
Lime Oil, boiled and raw, Turpentine,
Paint Brushes, all kinds,
Paints, Colors, &c., &c., &c.
Painters' Colors, &c., &c., &c.
Always on hand and for sale at the lowest prices, at
42
PHILADELPHIA DRUG STORE.

500 GALLONS LINSEED OIL.
Just received and for sale by the Barrel or
Gallon at the Philadelphia Drug Store.
OILVILLE & BARROWS.

A New Store in Janesville!
THE EMPORIUM OF FASHION
AND
Gentlemen's Furnishing Store
J. KENYON is now receiving a New Stock of
Goods from New York, which he will sell at ex-
tremely LOW PRICES, consisting in part as follows:
CLOTHING of all kinds, Shirts, Collars,
Cravats, Scarfs, Stocks,
Buttons, all kinds,
Hosiery, of all assortment,
Kid, Silk and Lisle Thread GLOVES,
Suspenders, Belts, &c. &c.
I would also call particular attention to my Stock of
Hats & Caps.
Mole-skin, Drab, Beaver, Wool, Panama, Leghorn, Pal-
metto & Maricabba Hats, Children's Fancy Hats and Caps,
and in fact everything in that branch, of the Latest
Style will be found at the EMPORIUM.

Boots & Shoes.
In any quantity, which I purchased from the Manu-
facturers, and can afford to sell them MUCH LOWER
than the usual price.
And now, One Word to the Ladies.
I have a nice assortment of
Ladies Congress Gaiters, do Tan colored do,
do Slippers, do Satin Gaiters do,
do Emma's Jenny Lind Misses Peg'd & Sewed Boots,
do Boots, do Colored Gaiters,
do Morocco Buckles, do Black do,
do Elastic do, do Children's Shoes,
of every quality, all of which will be sold CHEAPER
FOR CASH than at any other store in Janesville.
Please to call and examine (directly opposite S. C.
Spaulding's Jewelry Store) once, if you do not wish
to be deceived.
N. B.—Mr. F.W. will be found in the Clothing
Department, feeling confident, from his long experience
in the art of CUTTING, that he can suit the most fas-
hionable taste.
Cutting done and garments made to order—NO FIT
NO PAY.

METALLIC BURIAL CASES.—The
Subscriber is agent for the sale of these cases, and
is prepared to deliver them at all times, at his Cabinet
Ware Room on Main street.
J. P. MORSE.
Janesville, July 10th, 1854.

The Spring & Summer Campaign of
1854
IS NOW OPEN.

A NEW WAR AGAINST HIGH PRICES OF MER-
CHANDISE HAS JUST BROKEN OUT, AT
THE LITTLE REGULATOR OF
The Dry Goods Trade.
IMMENSE DAILY ARRIVALS!
—Cash System Triumphant!
GOODS CHEAPER THAN EVER BEFORE KNOWN.

JACKMAN, PARKER & CO. Are
now receiving at their Store, corner of Main and
Milwaukee streets, the most extensive assortment of
Merchandise ever before received at any establishment
in the State, consisting in part of a very general as-
ortment of
STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS, READY-MADE
CLOTHING, HATS, AND CAPS, BONNETS,
BOOTS AND SHOES, GROCERIES, CROCK-
ERY, AND GLASS WARE, BOILED
FRUIT SALES, WATER LIME,
CRACKED STONES, &c. &c.
and every thing in the shape of Merchandise that is
wanted in any town or city. In the

DRY GOODS.
Department our stock is at present the largest, richest
and most magnificent ever before offered in Janesville.
Among our DRESS GOODS may be found the most
valuable stock of Plain, Plaid and Watered Goods,
Rich Fabrics, in Plain, Plaid and Striped Fancy Silks,
over offered for sale in Janesville.
The attention of the Ladies is particularly directed
to a very extensive assortment of
PLAIN BLACK SILKS.

We have some fine Goodstuffs can be found at
any other store in the city, and our prices are as low as
you will have to pay for an inferior article at any other
store; also a very extensive assortment of All Wool
and Silk and Wool, Plain and Plaid Barges, Bar-
ge Belvines, &c.
Among our stock of low priced Dress Goods may be
found
3,000 yds. Fine French Lawns at 5 1/2¢ sold at other
stores at 10¢ per yard.
4,000 do. do. sold at other stores at 1 1/2¢, do.
1,000 do. do. sold at other stores at 1 1/2¢, do.
2,000 do. Barge Belvines, sold at other stores 25¢
per yard.
10,000 do. Madras Prints, 6 1/2¢, sold at other stores 10¢
per yard.

SHAWLS!
In this department we have a very extensive as-
sortment of White Crapes, Square and long, Plain and
Figured Cashmere, Black and Colored Silk, Barege, and
everything in the shape of Shawls from the lowest price
to the best article in the market.

EMBROIDERED GOODS.
We probably have a better assortment of these Goods than
any other store in the city, and our prices are as low as
you will have to pay for an inferior article at any other
store; also a very extensive assortment of All Wool
and Silk and Wool, Plain and Plaid Barges, Bar-
ge Belvines, &c.
Among our stock of low priced Dress Goods may be
found
3,000 yds. Fine French Lawns at 5 1/2¢ sold at other
stores at 10¢ per yard.
4,000 do. do. sold at other stores at 1 1/2¢, do.
1,000 do. do. sold at other stores at 1 1/2¢, do.
2,000 do. Barge Belvines, sold at other stores 25¢
per yard.
10,000 do. Madras Prints, 6 1/2¢, sold at other stores 10¢
per yard.

PARASOLS.
We have now on sale 1000 Parasols. Our immense
stock of these goods is such that we will not de-
sert any establishment in this City, at least 25 per
cent.
4000 Yards
Fine, Fast Colored French Ginghams (this day re-
ceived), that we are selling at 16¢ per yard. They cannot
be had in any other place than 6¢. Call soon, if you
want to have 50 per cent in Ginghams, as they are go-
ing fast.

BONNET AND BONNET RIBBONS.
Cheaper than the Cheapest.
READY-MADE CLOTHING.
Our Clothing Rooms are well stocked with the best
made and most fashionable clothing in the market.
We have the most extensive assortment of 2 1/2 kinds of
clothing in Rock county, and we will keep up the rep-
utation we have for many years, and we will offer for the
rest of the season, furnishing the richest of silks and a
cooling beverage.
—Jy 18

BOOTS AND SHOES!
We have now in store over 20,000 pairs of BOOTS
AND SHOES, of all descriptions, which the people
are requested to take a look at. When they examine
the goods and hear the prices, they will know they will
purchase.
CROCKERY AND GLASS WARE.
In these goods we have a very extensive stock of the
best ware in the market. Persons wanting full sets of
crockery, will do well to give us a call, as they will
save at least 25 per cent, and get the very best of ware.

GROCERIES.
As usual our stock of these goods is very large and
complete, and the choicest kind of goods. We have a
few more chests of that splendid YOUNG HUSON
TEA, that we have been selling so much of. Good Sug-
ar for 4 1/2¢.
In conclusion, we would say that we find the Cash
System the only one that will win. We buy our goods
wholly for cash, and shall sell them for the same, and
no other way; and consequently those that buy and
sell on a credit of a year, eighteen months or two years,
are the losers. We cannot sell goods at our prices.
Those who buy for cash, and pay for our assortment, call
and examine our goods and prices.
Remember the Store, corner Main & Milwaukee streets.
J. JACKMAN,
J. S. PARKER,
THOS. LAPPIN,
Janesville, June 5th, 1854.

EMPIRE CASH STORE!
The Cheapest Store in the County.
THE LARGEST, Most General and
**Best Selected Stock of MERCHANDISE, ever in-
cluded in the people's mind, and the only one of the kind
in this place, now in the EMPIRE CASH STORE.**
A Stock larger than any Two Stores in Janesville to be
Sold for CASH, at prices that all can see are at least
25 per cent lower than the PRETENDED CASH STORES
SELL FOR.

FOR THE
Least amount of Money
Than any other Store in the County. For information we
refer you to the people of Rock county, and the million-
aire, and the poor man, and the child, and the old man,
and the young man, and the woman, and the child, and
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RECONSIDERED.—The Cincinnati bankers have decided to receive the notes of the Indiana free banks of the denomination of 35 and upwards, for the present.

NEW HOTEL IN NEW YORK.—Notwithstanding the unfavorable time with hotel keepers, we see it stated that the upper part of the building now being erected by Dr. Brandreth on Broadway, Canal and Lispenard sts., has been arranged for a hotel, on the European plan, and has been leased to Mr. W. A. Radford. The rent of this building—stores, hotel, &c., will amount to about \$10,000.

A PRACTICAL KNOW-NOTHING.—The western country is such an unknown land to the stay-at-home down easter, that his inquiries evince practical know-nothingness. One of the editors of the Baraboo Standard, now in the state of Maine, writes:

Coming from Wisconsin, I am frequently interrogated in regard to its soil, its climate—what kind of people or society we have? and I have been asked the question, by a "know-nothing," *if the indians troubled us much?*

55a1.25; common spring, 1.06a1.15; Corn, 45a48;
rye, 60a65; Barley, 40a85; Oats, 24a25.

MILWAUKEE, TUESDAY MORNING, AUG. 22.—Wheat,
winter, 1.80a1.40; club, 1.20a1.30; common spring,
1.00a1.15; Rye, 75a80; Oats, 80a81; Barley, 50a60;
Clover, in the ear, 45a50; shelled, 50a57.

CHICAGO, MONDAY EVENING, AUG. 21.—Flour
No. 75: Wheat, winter, 1.80; spring 95a1.00; Corn
72a78; Rye, 60a62½.

or less quantities. **HOLDEN KEMP & CO.**

15 FARWELL & BRO.
WARRANTY DEEDS for sale at this office.

Boston Aug. 18th.

MASSACHUSETTS WHIG CONVENTION.—The whig state convention met here to-day.

F. Dexter, of Beverly, was chosen president, with twenty-three vice presidents. The president made a speech, in which he denounced the bombardment of Greytown.

Joshua Quincy spoke in favor of striking out of the constitution the obligation to return fugitive slaves, which was received with cheers. Emory Washburn was nominated for governor, and Wm. C. Plunkett for lieutenant governor.

A resolution was adopted, declaring Massachusetts whigs always true to the constitution and union, and that they need not abandon its principles. That it was the intention of the framers of the constitution to confine slavery to its then existing limits, as was clearly demonstrated by the passage of the ordinance of 1787. That the recent act of congress has wantonly and faithlessly annulled the solemn covenant that stood for more than thirty years, leaving no restriction upon the action of the free states, beyond the requirements of the constitution.

That the fugitive slave law requires amendments securing trial by jury, and habeas corpus, and failing this, it is unconstitutional and should be repealed.

That the people of Massachusetts are in favor of liberty, and opposed to the extension of slavery and will oppose it firmly, at all times under all circumstances.

That the president has violated the pledges made in his inaugural address, and stooped from his office to interfere in the action of the people, and by his cabinet appointing foreigners of questionable character to office, and excluded native citizens of high reputation and patriotism. For his cowardly attack on Greytown, and for not daring to insist on the full enjoyment of religious freedom for Americans abroad.

After several speeches, the resolutions were unanimously adopted.

CINCINNATI, Monday Aug. 14, 1854.

The powder magazine at Maysville was fired by some miscreant at 2 o'clock yesterday morning. The explosion was terrific, the magazine containing 800 kegs of gunpowder. Thirteen houses were buried, but, singular to say, not a life was lost by the actual explosion, and but few were injured. One lady, however, has since died from the effects of the fright. The citizens were so much alarmed that some minutes elapsed before any would go into the street, the general impression being that the "day of judgment" had come. When the citizens sallied out they found the streets covered with the fragments of demolished houses, &c. The damage to property is between \$50,000 and \$100,000. The mayor has offered a reward of \$1,000 for information that will lead to the conviction of the rascal that set fire to the magazine.

The result of the election in Iowa, is the handwriting on the wall pointing to the utter overthrow of the Nebraska administration in the free states. Iowa was the most thoroughly wedded to this slavery-propagating administration of any free state. And the utter overthrow of the administration forces there, is but the precursor of more signal defeats to follow. One of the results of such defeats is to lead the administration presses to change their tune and to profess to be anti-Nebraska, and elect votes on that ground, while containing the Nebraska administration. The object being to deceive the people till after election, when these same presses will throw off the mask, and the question is settled; and it will not do to agitate and distract the party.—Free Democrat.

HEALTH.—The health of Freeport has greatly improved since our last issue.—In fact we have heard of no new actual cases of cholera since, neither have we heard of any reported ones, and therefore we conclude there has been none.—We are happy to be able to record this fact. Of course there is some sickness yet in our midst, but it has assumed altogether another form.—Freeport Bulletin.

THE PRESENCE OF MIND OF A LITTLE GIRL.—The following singular incident which occurred in this city a few days since, is related to us: A little girl about 8 years of age, in attempting to pass from one side of the street to the other, carelessly ran immediately before a team, that was passing at the time, so that she came near being run over. Seeing her danger, she clasped her arms around one of the legs of the horse nearest to her, and in this manner, was carried along until the team, which was going at a rapid rate, was stopped by the driver, when she left her temporary refuge, and gained the opposite side of the street unharmed, but not a little frightened. It will probably be some time before she attempts a similar feat.—Utica Observer.

JOHN JACOB ASTOR.—The American Crosses, John Jacob Astor, was born in the little village of Waldorf, near Heidelberg, on the Rhine. In his will, he made provision for an institution which will perpetuate his memory in the place of his birth, as the "Astor Library" will in the place of his residence. The "Astor House," as it is called, was dedicated with solemn ceremonies at 4 o'clock, on the afternoon of Saturday, July 9, and is intended to answer three purposes, viz: an infant school; an educational institute for the young, and a retreat for indigent aged persons. The funds at its disposal are said to be amply sufficient.

The Manchester American states that the late attack on the president is suggestive of the character of the administration. Cesar fell by cold steel; infernal machines were prepared for Napoleon; stiletton sought Louis Philippe. Our president is attacked with boiled eggs.

JOHN KENYON WISHING to reduce his stock of goods low prices, for bringing on a GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF NEW FALL GOODS, concluded to sell them at prices very little above cost. Boots and Shoes cheaper than ever. Please to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere. JOHN KENYON. Janesville, Aug. 18, 1854.

TO RENT.—A small and pleasant room suitable for a Physician's office. Enquire of J. D. HENFORD. LAWRENCE, ATWOOD & CO.

AT THE OLD STAND OF LAWRENCE, STRONG & CO. DEALERS IN IRON, STEEL, CUT and Wrought Nails. Farwell's tools of all kinds. Blacksmiths, Joiners, and Carpenters' Tools. Shelf Hardware generally. Table and Pocket Cutlery of the best quality. Builders' Hardware, Iron Pump Curbs, Trench Chains and Ropes, Japanese Planes, and all the tools and tin ware of all kinds. Every variety of Bath, Also, Cook, Parlor, Hall, and Box Stoves. Groceries and Domestic Dry Goods. Also, Manufacturers of Tin, Sheet Iron and Copper ware. Every article manufactured by us is warranted to give perfect satisfaction. Orders respectfully solicited, and promptly attended to. Remember the place, two doors south of the American, Main street Janesville. W. A. LAWRENCE, V. ATWOOD, F. S. LAWRENCE.

PATENT MEDICINES of all popular kinds at J. D. HENFORD.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL. ESTABLISHED 1845! THE OLDEST DRUG HOUSE IN WISCONSIN!



HOLDEN, KEMP & CO., 1851.

A CARD.

HOLDEN, KEMP & CO., PROPRIETORS OF The Empire Drug Store, BEG to inform the Citizens of Wisconsin generally and of the Interior of the State in particular, that they have now received their Spring purchase of

DRUGS, MEDICINES, DYE-WOOD, PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, &c.,

Making our Stock complete in every department. Our business connections afford us facilities for

JOBBER'S GOODS AT ABOUT NEW YORK RATES, decidedly lower than any concern in this state. Merchants wishing to replenish their stock of

STAPLE DRUGS

will of course bear this fact in mind and get our prices. To our large and increasing Retail Trade & Dispensing Department

We devote our personal and particular attention, and the fact that we have dispensed goods in this city for the last Nine Years without the slightest accident or mistake, is a sufficient guarantee that future commands will be as well attended to. All orders shall receive our prompt attention, and goods packed and forwarded with care and dispatch. Janesville, July 1854. Jy24

GUM DROPS.—A full assortment of the different flavors, fresh, for sale by HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.

ENGLISH CASTLE SOAP.—30 Boxes for sale very low. HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.

WINDOW GLASS.—Another arrival of 160 boxes assorted sizes at the Empire Drug Store. HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.

OSGOOD'S CHOLAGOGUE for Fever and Ague.—6 Gross just received on consignment. HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.

COD LIVER OIL.—Rushton & Clark's celebrated Cod Liver Oil, by the dozen or bottle. HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.

4 BBL'S. PURE CREAM TARTAR. Nothing but a pure article is ever sold at our store, and persons who buy Cream Tartar of us, are saved the trouble of returning it. HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.

DR. BEACH'S CORDIAL.—A perfect Specific for Summer complaints and dysentery in children. (Jy19) HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE, by the barrel or gallon. HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.

SYRINGES.—Metallic, Self-injecting and Common, from 1 oz. to 16 oz.; also, all sizes Glass male and female. HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.

BRUSHES of every variety, style and name, in quantities to suit. HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.

BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE, this day received (Jy12) HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.

PATENT DRYER—Five cases in cans assorted from 1 lb. to 10 lbs. HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.

3 BBL'S. BOILED LINSEED OIL.—This article can now be had pure at our store. HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.

PURE BRANDY.—In pint and half-pint bottles. Also a fine assortment of liquor FLASKS. (Jy19) HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.

CHROME GREEN.—10 cases dry and ground in oil, Germans best. HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.

MUSTANG LINIMENT.—10 Gross, this valuable preparation, embracing the three different sizes, just received at the agency in this city, by (Jy12) HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.

AYER'S PILLS.—A large consignment this valuable Medicine just received. HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.

WOLFE'S SCHIEDAMSHNAPPS.—A large consignment this day received. HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.

LINSEED OIL, by the Cask, Barrel or Gallon. HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.

LAMPS.—Burning Fluid Lamps, Glass and Metal, a very large and desirable assortment; also, Camphene Hanging and Side Lamps, Wicks and Chimneys. (Jy31) HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.

CRANE'S ITCH OINTMENT.—A remedy incorporated to cure all kinds of Itch. Prepared and sold by (Jy1) HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.

WRAPPING TWINE.—Linen and cotton. Also, a very nice article of Brown Twine. (Jy1) HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.

STARCH.—25 boxes Colgate's A. No. 1 starch, the best article sold. HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.

EPSOM SALTS—3 BBL'S. JUST received and for sale by FARWELL & BRO.

TO SPORTSMEN.—Ely's Gun Caps and Wads, warranted to be an imported article and superior to any thing of the kind in use. Also, another supply of those Game Bags, just received by Express. (Jy1) HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.

BY EXPRESS!—A large invoice of Merrill & Co.'s Select Powders. Any article forwarded promptly by Mail or Express. (Jy1) HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.

PUTTY IN BLADDERS.—10 Barrels this day received at the Empire Drug Store. HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.

LOW'S ENGLISH SOAPS.—The best assortment of these valuable toilet articles in the city, at our store. (Jy1) HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.

MACHINE OIL, designed for Machinery, Reapers and Threshing Machines. This oil is used extensively at the East, and as a lubricating oil cannot be beat. Also, a large invoice of SUMMER, SPERM and LARD OILS. (Jy15) HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.

PERFUMERY.—The best stock in the West can be seen at our store. HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.

CHEWING GUM.—50 Boxes at whole sale. (Jy19) HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.

DR. EVERT'S EXPECTORANT SYRUP, for coughs, colds, croup, whooping cough, and every variety of disease affecting the throat or bronchial tubes, prepared and sold by FARWELL & BRO.

RAILROAD NOTICE.

OFFICE ROCK RIVER VALLEY UNION RAIL ROAD CO. No. 18, Exchange Place. New York, August 10th, 1854.

A MEETING OF THE STOCK- holders of this company will be held at the company's office in the city of Janesville, Wis. on Tuesday the tenth day of October next at 10 o'clock A. M. to act on the following business:

1st. To hear reports of the board of directors, and to examine the statements of accounts as made up by the treasurer.

2nd. To consider what action they will take to increase the subscription to the capital stock of the company.

3rd. To adopt a revised code of by-laws.

4th. To elect a board of directors not exceeding fifteen.

5th. To consider and transact any other business that may legally come before them.

By order of the board of directors, J. W. CURRIER, Secretary.

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AT A MEETING OF THE DIRECTORS of this Company held on Tuesday the 5th inst. the following resolutions were adopted:

Resolved: That shareholders who were such on the 24th July 1851, who have not paid the installments which were called for by resolution of that date and which were due and payable viz: Five per cent on the first Monday of September 1851. Five per cent on the first Monday of October 1851, and ten per cent on the first Monday of November 1851, be notified that unless the said installments be paid in full to the treasurer of the company, or at their office in the city of Janesville, Wis., on or before the second day of October 1854, the said stock will be forfeited and all previous payments thereon.

Resolved: That an assessment of Ten Dollars on each share of stock of this company be and the same is hereby required to be paid to the treasurer of the company or at their office in the city of Janesville, Wis., on or before the second day of October 1854, and in default of payment the stock will be forfeited and all previous payments thereon.

In accordance with the above resolutions shareholders are requested to pay the above installments and assessment to J. B. Wolford Esq., at the company's office in the city of Janesville, Wis., on or before the second day of October 1854.

J. W. CURRIER, Secretary.

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OFFICE ROCK RIVER VALLEY UNION RAIL ROAD CO. No. 18, Exchange Place. New York, August 10th, 1854.

AT A MEETING OF THE DIRECTORS of this Company held on Tuesday the 5th inst. the following resolutions were adopted:

Resolved: That shareholders who were such on the 24th July 1851, who have not paid the installments which were called for by resolution of that date and which were due and payable viz: Five per cent on the first Monday of September 1851. Five per cent on the first Monday of October 1851, and ten per cent on the first Monday of November 1851, be notified that unless the said installments be paid in full to the treasurer of the company, or at their office in the city of Janesville, Wis., on or before the second day of October 1854, the

